

časopis udruženja košarkaških trenera



TRENER



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debitantske sezone
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Najbolje iz Srbije
The best from Serbia
Basketball Clinic Belgrade 2011

BEOBASKET

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The most important coaches represented by Agency are: Dusan Ivkovic, Dusko Vujosevic, Panagiotios Gianakis, Oktay Mahmouti, Matteo Boniciolli, Sharon Drucker, Luka Pavicevic, Sasa Obradovic, Aleksandar Trifunovic, Aleksandar Dzikic and Dejan Radonjic.

The most important players represented by Agency are: Vassilis Spanoulis, Nikola Pekovic, Mirza Teletovic, Dusko Savanovic, Omar Cook, Matthew Nielsen, Emir Preldzic, Milenko Tepic, Leon Radosevic, Ali Traore, Serhyi Lishchuk and Ermal Kuqo.

BeoBasket also represents the biggest number of prospects, younger than 18 years, helping them a lot in growing as the players and persons. Many of them grow up in Basketball club Mega Vizura (participant of Serbian Super league 2010/11), which team is fully supported by Agency.

The seat of the agency is in Belgrade, with 10 employed workers, and lot of representatives and partners all over the world.

NBA partner of the agency is Jeff Schwartz, leader of USA agency Excel sports management from New York.

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Najbolje iz Srbije

B CB jeste naš brend koji se pozicionirao na evropskoj, pa i svetskoj košarkaškoj sceni. Utoliko pre, jubilej – Deset godina BCB obavezivao je članove Upravnog odbora UKTS da na ogovarajući način odgovore ovom izazovu.

Bez dileme, može se tvrditi da je, za obeležavanje jubileja pronađeno gotovo najbolje moguće rešenje. Pored ostalog, a ono što ima posebnu težinu, zauzet je stav da se ove godine, baš povodom jubileja, učesnicima seminara za „katedrom” budu predavači – najbolji treneri Srbije. Reč je o stručnjacima koji su rado viđeni kao predavači na bilo kom mestu zemaljske kugle gde se igra košarka.

No ako Maljković, nažalost, izostane, to će svakako biti više nego reprezentativan skup košarkaških umova kakvim se gotovo ne može pohvaliti nijedna evropska košarkaška nacija, pa čak ni one koje bismo mogli svrstati u košarkaške velesile.

Za ono što će naši treneri, kao i najavljeni gosti iz sveta, moći da čuju i nauče od pomenutih stručnjaka, može se napraviti dvodnevni program. Međutim, činjenica je da bi za prezentaciju njihovog znanja, košarkaške mudrosti i proverenih mogućnosti, bilo malo ne dva dana, nego i dva semestra.

Zato je ovaj ugledni seminar jedinstvena prilika za sve trenere, za našu košarku u celini, jer to će biti prava svetkovina u obliku festivala košarkaške nauke. Svetkovina vredna ovakvog jubileja.

Dakle, bez obzira na istinske košarkaške trenerske legende, koje su poziv za ulogu predavača rado prihvatile, neki čak pomerajući ranije ugovorene obaveze, bila bi prava šteta da hala u SC Šumice ne bude popunjena do poslednjeg mesta.

Za sve nas koji učestvujemo u stvaranju ovog časopisa i sve vas koji ga čitate još jedan podatak za ponos, kao i ponos UKTS. Uz deset godina BCB, možemo se pohvaliti i retkom godišnjicom, za ovu vrstu časopisa – petnaest godina njegovog izlaženja u kontinuitetu.

B

CB definitely is our brand that has taken its position in European and World basketball scene. More so, the jubilee – 10 years of BCB bounded the members of the ASBC Managing Board to stand up to this challenge appropriately.

Without a doubt, one could argue that for celebration of the jubilee almost the best possible solution is found. Among the rest, the thing that is of particular gravity is that it is decided this year to, for the occasion of jubilee, the participants of the seminar the lecturers will be – the best coaches of Serbia. It's about experts that are readily seen in lectures in any spot on the globe where basketball is played.

But if Maljkovic is unfortunately absent, it will be more than representative congress of basketball minds no other European basketball nation could boast with, even those which we could consider to be basketball superpowers.

For the things that our coaches and the announced guests from the world may hear and learn from the aforementioned experts, a two-day program could be made. However, it is the fact that the presentation of their knowledge, basketball wisdom and proven basketball possibilities might take not two days but two semesters.

Therefore, this is a unique chance for all participants of this prestigious seminar and for all coaches and our basketball as a whole since it is going to be a real celebration in the form of a festival of basketball science. The feast worth of such jubilee.

So, regardless the true basketball coaching legends who gladly accepted the invitation for the role of lecturers, where some of them delayed previously arranged commitments, it would be a

great pity not to have the Sumice hall seats completely filled.

To all of us participating in making this magazine and all of you who read it, here is another datum to be proud of and for the pride of ASBC. Along with ten years of BCB, we can praise with, when it comes to this type of magazine, a rare anniversary – 15 years of its continuity of publication.



The best from Serbia

Jubilarna X BCB 2011 od 25- 26.juna



Po znanje u „Šumice“



Sportski centar „Šumice“ 25. i 26. juna biće domaćin košarkaškim stručnjacima ne samo iz Srbije, već i iz Evrope i sveta. Jubilarna deseta „Trenerska košarkaška klinika“, ove godine je promenila koncept, pa će predavači biti samo domaći treneri, ali oni najtrofejniji i najbolji: Dušan Ivković, Željko Obradović, Svetislav Pešić i Duško Vujošević.

Mirko Ocokoljić, generalni sekretar Udruženja košarkaških trenera Srbije, smatra da će se upravo zbog toga ovogodišnji seminar razlikovati od prethodnih.

– Ideja da predavači budu samo naši eminentni treneri, dakle bez Evropljana i Amerikanaca, jeste to što će „Trenersku košarkašku kliniku“ učiniti originalnom i najneobičnijom do sada, jer proslavljamo deceniju rada. Osim dvodnevni predavanja, imaćemo i časove sudjenja, sportske medicine, ishrane i slično, kaže Ocokoljić.

Plejada trenera

Nema sumnje da će i ovoga puta seminar dobiti najvišu ocenu, kao i prethodni, na kojima su predavači bili eminentni treneri iz Evrope i Amerike. A njihova imena su u prošlosti naše „klinike“ bila impozantna. Počev od Grega Popovića, koji je učestvovao na prvom seminaru 2001, zatim Majka D'Antoniya, pa Tonija Beneta, Rubena Manjana, Garsije Aita Renesesa... U pamćenju je ostalo i novosadsko okupljanje iz 2007. kada su gosti bili treneri juniorskih nacionalnih timova SAD, Francuske i Australije, Džeri Vejnrajt, Rišar Bilan i Martin Klark. Naravno, učešće su redovno uzimali i ljudi sa naših prostora, od selektora reprezentacije Srbije Dušana Ivkovića, preko trofejnih stručnjaka Božidara Maljkovića, Svetislava Pešića i Duška Ivanovića, do Svetislava Pešića, Duška Vujoševića i Milivoja Karalejića, dr Vlade Koprivice i mnogih drugih.

Seminar je, po tradiciji, obavezan za sve trenere u Srbiji, a biće i gostiju iz inostranstva.

– Naši stručnjaci, njih oko 1.000, obavezni su da prisustvuju predavanjima, jer učešće na „Klinici“ obezbeđuje overavanje licence za takmičarsku sezonu 2011/12. Kotizacija iznosi, zavisno od ranga takmičenja iz kojeg trener dolazi, 5.000 dinara za trenere mlađih kategorija, do 30.000



za stratege iz Superlige. Očekujemo između 100 i 150 gostiju iz inostranstva, koji plaćaju kotizaciju između 180 i 200 evra, a već je dolazak najavilo 10 stručnjaka iz Rumunije, zatim Španije, Francuske, Slovenije, Hrvatske, čak i iz Irana i Kuvajta... Želja nam je da dođu u što većem broju.

Ocokoljić naglašava značaj kvarteta predavača koji čine čuveni treneri.

– Biće ovo najbolja „Klinika“ do sada, imaćemo priliku da slušamo svetske trenerske veličine, pa bi bilo sramota da se desi da neko od domaćih stručnjaka ne dođe ili pokaže nezainteresovanost na samom seminaru.

Promoter „Klinike“ je legendarni Dejan Bodiroga, aktuelni potpredsednik Košarkaškog saveza Srbije zadužen za mušku košarku.

– Bodiroga će otvoriti seminar, predstaviće stručnjake sa kojima je radio jer smo uspeali da na jednom mestu okupimo Ivkovića, Obradovića, Pešića i Vujoševića. Biće tu i predsednik Saveza Dragan Đilas, zatim oni koji su nam pomogli u organizaciji, Aca Kovačević, gradski sekretar za sport i omladinu, koji je uplatio deo sredstava „Šumicama“, potom predstavnici Ministarstva za sport, čiju finansijsku podršku takođe očekujemo, menadžerska agencija „Beobasket“ i „Delta sport“, koji je sa nama od početka – dodao je Ocokoljić.

I. Velimirović

The jubilee X BCB 2011 on June 25 -26



To „Sumice“ to get knowledge



In June 25 and 26, "Sumice" sport center is going to be the host of basketball experts not only from Serbia, but from all over Europe and the world. The 10th "Coach's basketball clinic" has changed its concept and domestic coaches will be the lecturers, but the best and the most successful ones: Dusan Ivkovic, Zeljko Obradovic, Svetislav Pesic and Dusko Vujosevic.

Mirko Ocokoljic, ASBC general secretary deems that for that very reason this seminar will differ from the previous ones.

– The idea of having only our eminent coaches, without Europeans and Americans, is the thing that will make the "Coach's basketball clinic" original and the most unusual so far, in the year of celebrating the first decade of functioning. Beside the lectures taking place in two days, there will be the lessons on refereeing, sport medicine, nourishment and the like, Ocokoljic says.

Traditionally, the seminar is compulsory to all coaches in Serbia but the guests from abroad will also be present.

– Our experts, around 1000 of them, are in obligation to be present in lecturing since participation in "Clinic" provides them with license verification for the season 2011/2012. Depending on the range of competition a coach belongs to, the registration fee is from 5,000 RSD for coaches of younger categories, up to 30,000 RSD for the ones from the Superleague. We expect among 100 and 150 guests from abroad that pay the registration fee in the amount of 180-200 EUR and, in addition, 10 experts from Romania, Spain, France, Slovenia, Croatia and even Iran and Kuwait have announced their arrival...Our wish is to have the largest possible number of those people here.

Ocokoljic points out the meaning of the lecturing quartet consisted of famous coaches.

– This will be the best "Clinic" so far, we'll have the opportunity to listen to the world-renowned experts and it would be a shame to have some of domestic

The pleiad of coaches

There's no doubt that the seminar this time will also get a perfect mark, just as the previous ones, where the lecturers were eminent coaches from Europe and USA. In the history of our "clinic", the names of theirs were impressive. As of Greg Popovich, participated in the first seminar in 2001, then Mike D'Antonio, Tony Benet, Ruben Magnano, Garcia Aito Reneses... The memory remains of gathering in Novi Sad in 2007, when our guests were the coaches of junior teams of USA, France and Australia, Jerry Wainwright, Richard Bilan and Martin Clark. Certainly, the participation in the event was regularly taken by people from our region, head coach of our national team, Dusan Ivkovic, eminent experts like Bozidar Maljkovic, Svetislav Pesic, Dusko Vujosevic, Milivoje Karalejic, PhD Vlado Koprivica and many others.

experts failed to come or show disinterest for the seminar.

The promoter of the "Clinic" is legendary Dejan Bodiroga, current vice-president of the Serbian Basketball Association, in charge of men basketball.

– Bodiroga will open the seminar, represent the experts he used to work with since we managed to gather Ivkovic, Obradovic, Pesic and Vujosevic in one place. The president of the Association will also be present, as well as the ones who helped us in organization – Aca Kovacevic, city secretary of the youth and sport, who paid a part of the funds to "Sumice, representatives from the Department of Sport, whose financial support we expect, "Beobasket" managing agency and "Delta Sport", that has been with us from the very start – Ocokoljic added.

I.Velimirovic

U susret Evropskom prvenstvu

London se vidi iz Litvanije

treća misija Dušana Ivkovića na kormilu reprezentacije ulazi u završnu fazu. Posle šest teških godina i bolnih plasmana na velikim takmičenjima koja su bila daleko ispod nivoa naše košarke i kvaliteta igrača, trofejni trener se vratio da od Srbije ponovo napravi „zemlju košarke”. Selektirao je potpuno novu ekipu koja je vatreno krštenje imala u kvalifikacijama za Evropsko prvenstvo u Poljskoj 2008, a godinu dana kasnije njegov projekat je doneo rezultat van očekivanja, osvojena je srebrna medalja na šampionatu Starog kontinenta, sa najmlađim timom u istoriji velikih takmičenja. Na Svatskom prvenstvu u Turskoj prošle godine napravljen je pomak, igrali smo pored šampiona Amerikanaca najbolju košarku, ali u finale je jednostavno morala da ode Turska. Nedavno je predsednik Fiba prilikom posete Beogradu uputio izvinjenje zbog sudijskih grešaka, ali ostao je gorak ukus da je našem državnom timu oduzeta medalja koju je igraza zaslužila.

Sledeći korak je najvažniji u olimpijskom ciklusu. Ivković se posle brojnih problema u košarkaškoj organizaciji vratio na klupu i predvodiće ekipu na Evropskom prvenstvu u Litvaniji (31. avgust – 18. septembar) koje je kvalifikaciono za Igre u Londonu. Ukoliko ponovimo uspeh iz Poljske direktno ćemo se plasirati na najveće takmičenje. Postoji i takozvana „druga šansa”, jer će pored finalista Evrobasketa još tri najbolje reprezentacija moći da se izbore za učešće na Olimpijskim igrama na dodatnim kvalifikacijama koje će se održati od 2. do 8. jula 2012. Ako se ima u vidu da će u Litvaniju sve najjače selekcije doći u najboljim sastavima, jasno je kakav posao očekuje našu reprezentaciju.

U dva kruga pre eliminacionih mečeva Srbiju očekuju najteži rivali. Prvu rundu naš tim igraće u gradu Šauljaj, a rivali će biti Italija, Letonija, Izrael, Nemačka i Francuska. Tri najbolja tima nastaviće takmičenje u grupi od šest reprezentacija u kojima će nam, gotovo sigurno, rivali biti kandidati za titulu Španija, Turska i Litvanija, a četiri će ići u četvrtfinale. Najbolji će morati da odigraju 11 teškim mečeva jer će u Litvaniji igrati rekordan broj ekipa – čak 24.

Sasvim je jasno da će do cilja doći najkvalitetniji, ali i najspremniji timovi. Pred svako takmičenje selektor Ivko-

vić je apostrofirao da moramo da budemo za koplje ispred drugih u fizičkoj spremi, što je uz mladost i dobru „hemiju” tima do sada davalo rezultate. Posebno je važno, jer se bodovi prenose, da se u prvoj fazi posao odradi što bolje. Uz Francuze i Nemce imamo realno najveće izgleda za drugu rundu, ali šansu će sigurno da traže Italija i Izrael. Italijani su dugo van glavne scene. Pre dvanaest godina bili su prvaci Evrope u Francuskoj, a 2003. u Švedskoj osvojili bronzanu medalju. Od tada tavore, a mi smo ih izbacili u trci za Evrobasket u Poljskoj. Ipak, imaju veliki uticaj, pa se čak govori da je Fiba zbog njih, jer se nisu kvalifikovali, povećala broj učesnika u Li-

Zalet iz Šauljaja

Naša reprezentacija svrstana je u B grupu i mečeve prve faze igraće u gradiću Šauljaju, istoimenoj Areni koja prima 5.500 gledalaca. Premijerni meč je 31. avgusta protiv Italije, 1. septembra rival je Letonija, a dan kasnije Izrael. Posle dana pauze slede dva najteža rivala, Nemačka 4. i Francuska 5. septembra.

tvianji na 24. Sa tri NBA igrača, koji su najavili učešće, Barnjanijem, Belinelijem i Galinarijem, iskusni trener Simone Pjanidani može da napravi tim koji mnogima može da pomrsi račune. Ozbiljno bio trebalo da shvatimo i Izrael, a iskustvo iz Španije 2007, kada su nam zatvorili vrata drugog kruga, ekstra je upozorenje. Šta tek reći o Francuzima koji će u sastavu imati devet igrača iz NBA (Parker, Diao, Pjetrus, Noa, Turiaf, Batum, , Buboia, Mainmi i Serafim) ili Nemcima sa Dirkom Novickim koji je Dalasu doneo prvi šampionski prsten.

Kako će izgledati naša reprezentacija nije teško naslutiti. Ivković se opredelio za igrače koji su i prethodnih godina bili u konkurenciji za najbolji tim i učestvovali u akcijama, a jedino još nije poznato da li će u Litvaniju voditi 12 ili 14 igrača. Evropski ogranak Fiba je odobrio zbog povećanog broja mečeva da svaka ekipa može da prijavi 14

Meeting European Championship

London can be seen from Lithuania

the third Dusan Ivkovic's mission on the head of the national team enters the final stage. After six hard years and disappointing placements in big competitions that were far below the level of our basketball and quality of our players, the eminent coach came back to make Serbia "the land of basketball" again. He selected a brand new team that had its baptism of fire in qualifications for European championship in Poland in 2008 and, one year after his project brought the result beyond any expectations, the silver medal in the championship of the Old Continent was won, with the youngest team in history of big competitions. In the World championship in Turkey last year a move forward was made, beside Americans we played the best basketball but Turkey simply had to go to the final game. The president of FIBA, on his visit to Belgrade recently, has made an apology for the referees' mistakes but there's still bitter taste for seizing the medal from our national team which it deserved with its play.

The next step is the most important in the Olympic cycle. After a number of problems in basketball organization, Ivkovic came back to the bench and he will lead the national team in European championship in Lithuania (August 31 - September 18) which is the qualification for the Olympic Games in London. If we repeat the success in Poland, we'll make direct qualification for the biggest competition. There's also the so-called "second chance" since beside the Eurobasket finalists three best national teams will also have a chance to qualify for the Olympic Games, in additional qualifications taking place on July 2-8, 2012. If we bear in mind that the best selections will come to Lithuania with their strongest teams, it's evident what kind of work awaits our team.

In two rounds before eliminating matches, Serbia will have the strongest rivals. The first round our team will play in the city of Šiauliai, and the rivals are Italy, Latvia, Israel, Germany and France. Three best teams will continue competition in the group of six national teams in which, almost for sure, the rivals for winning the title will be Spain, Turkey and Lithuania and four teams will pass to quarterfinals. The best teams will have to play 11 tough

games since the largest number of teams participates in Lithuania - 24.

It's quite evident that only the most qualitative but the most prepared teams as well will reach their goal. Before any competition head coach Ivkovic made an apostrophe on the must of being physically prepared better than the others, which used to bring good results so far, combined with youth and good "chemistry" of the team. It is particularly important to make the best possible result in the first phase since the points are transferred. With France and Germany, we've got the highest chances to reach the second round but, Italy and Israel will definitely search for their chance. Italians have been beyond the main stage for a long time. Twelve years ago they were the champions and in France, in 2003, they won bronze medal in Sweden. Since then they make but a poor shift and we threw them out from the race for Eurobasket in Poland. However, they've got big influence and there's a rumor that FIBA because of them increased the number of participants to 24, since they didn't manage to qualify. With three NBA players that have announced their participation, Bargnani, Belineli and Galinari, Simone Pianigiani, an experienced coach, says that can make the team that can thwart many. We must take Israel seriously too and, the experience from Spain in 2007, when they closed us the door of the second round, represents additional warning. What to say about France that will have nine players from NBA (Parker, Diao,

Running start from Šiauliai

Our national team is classified in B group and the matches from the first phase will play in the city of Šiauliai, and Arena bearing the same name, with 5,500 spectators. The premium match is on August 31 versus Italy, on September 1 our rival is Latvia and Israel on the next day. After a one-day break, the two toughest rivals wait on, Germany on September 4 and France on September 5.

članova (12 igraju), ali Fiba Svet je to demantovao. Ukoliko bude veći broj igrača, selektor će se odlučiti za osam spoljnih i šest visokih, a u drugoj varijanti verovatno za 7+5. Bilo kako bilo, očekuje ga veliki posao na uigravanju tima i otklanjanju nedostataka, pre svega na bekovskim pozicijama u defanzivi.

Svakako otežavajuća okolnost je što veliki broj nosilaca igre nije imao baš uspešne sezone, a nekolicini igrača to je bila debitantska godina u inostranim klubovima. Povrede, promena klubova i klupske koncepcije uticali su na njihove individualne statistike, ali i gubitak samopouzdanja. Istina, Dušan Ivković je nemalo puta kroz reprezentaciju „vraćao u život” brojne asove, ali to je put kojim se teže ide i pitanje je koliko će biti vremena da se forma podigne na optimalni nivo.

Uz kapitena Nenada Krstića ključni igrač reprezentacije je Miloš Teodosić. Uprkos brojnim individualnim priznanjima, zakazao je u finišu sezone i ukupno gledano bila je slabija od prošle. U Evroligi imao je učinak od 10,9 poena i 3,6 asistencija, ali je zbog povrede pauzirao nekoliko odlučujućih mečeva protiv Sijene, dok u finalu grčkog plej-ofa nije bio na svom nivou. Ni u drugoj sezoni u Panatinaikosu Milenko Tepić nije uspeo da se izbori za značajniju minutažu. Na „fajnal-foru” igrao je samo četiri sekunde, a u Evroligi imao učinak od 2,5 poena i 1,1 skok. U prvoj sezoni u Benetonu Stefan Marković je igrao na standardnom nivou. Za 28 minuta u domaćem prvenstvu imao je učinak od 5,3 poena, 4,2 skoka i 3,5 asistencija, a u Evrokupu je na parketu bio minut duže sa 6,1 poenom, 4,1 skokom i 4,9 asistencija. Aleksandar Rašić, koji je iskoristio šansu u Turskoj, počeo je odlično sezonu u Trabzonu (9,6 poena, 3,2 skoka, 5,3 asistencije), a kasnije imao manju minutažu u Lijetuvos Ritasu. Ivan Paunić je bio nosilac igre Nižnj Novgoroda (za 28 minuta u proseku 10,9 poena, 5 skokova), a Uroš Tripković u Unikahi izborio za 17 minuta (8,9 poena, 40 odsto šut za tri poena).

Problem za selektora bi mogla da bude pozicija tri. Nemanja Bjelica je propustio dobar deo sezone zbog povrede leđa i zgloba, a u finišu je operisao šaku. U ACB ligi je dobio 11 minuta u proseku (3,9 poena i 2 skoka), a u Evroligi „mršavih” 8,6 (1,2 poena i 1,7 skokova). Sa povredama je kuburio i Marko Kešelj pa je u grčkom prvenstvu igrao u proseku 12 minuta (4,8 poena, 2,4 skoka), a u



U Kući košarke, 15. juna, širi spisak igrača i plan priprema za predstojeće EP najavili su: potpredsednik i predsednik KSS, Dejan Bodiroga i Dragan Đilas, selektor Dušan Ivković i kapiten Nenad Krstić

Evroligi sa još skromnijim učinkom (3,8 poena i 1 skokom). Najtežu sezonu imao je Novica Veličković. Pre dve godine stigao je u Real kao najbolja evropska „četvorka”, ali trener Mesina mu je konstantno smanjivao minutažu. Ni njegova smena nije donela boljitak, pa ga je i Molin uglavnom držao na klupi. U ACB ligi igrao je u proseku deset minuta (3 poena, 2,6 skoka), a u Evroligi 12 (3,4, 2,8).

Najbolji učinak ostvario je Duško Savanović. Predvodio je Valensiju do četvrtfinala Evrolige (11,9 poena, 4,5 skokova za 25 minuta), a na poziciji „četvorke” Ivković računao i na Milana Mačvana koji je imao debitantsku sezonu u inostranstvu. Iako je u Makabi stigao u decembru, izborio se za 9,4 minuta u proseku (3,5 poena i 1,7 skokova).

Nenad Krstić je prva opcija na „petici”. U februaru je iz Oklahome prešao u Boston i imao je izuzev u plej-ofu sličnu ulogu i minutažu. Potpisom za ruski CSKA završio je NBA karijeru i moći će da se posveti radu od prvog dana, što nije bio slučaj pred Tursku. Za 22 minuta držao je standardan učinak, 8,1 poen i 4,7 skokova. U oba takmičenja i ACB ligi i Evroligi Kosta Perović je provodio na parketu u proseku 12 minuta, ubacivao po pet poena i uhvatio tri lopte. Brza igra koju forsira Barselona svakako je uticala da naš centar bude „zaknut” za neki minut i bolji učinak. Za najbolji sastav konkurisaće i oporavljeni Miroslav Raduljica. Zbog povrede stopala propustio je pola sezone i odigrao samo četiri utakmice za Efes. Odlazak u Albu na pozajmicu otvorio mu je put Litvanije, a u dresu najpoznatijeg nemačkog kluba igrao je u proseku 15 minuta (10,2 poena i 3,5 skokova).

Pred reprezentacijom su napore pripreme. Ivković se odlučio za bazične pripreme u Nemačkoj, a brojni turniri i kontrolne utakmice daće jasnu sliku sa kojim timom će u Litvaniju, a iz nje se vidi London.

M. Stojaković

Pietrus, Noah, Turiaf, Batum, Beaubois, Mahinmi and Seraphin) and Germans with Dirk Nowitzki who brought the first championship ring to Dallas.

It's not hard to guess what our national team will look like. Ivkovic choose the players who have been in the race for the best team in previous years and participated in actions and the only unfamiliar thing is whether he is going to take 12 or 14 players to Lithuania. For the larger number of matches the European branch of FIBA has approved that each team can register 14 players (12 play) but FIBA World confused that. If the larger number of players is available, the coach will decide about eight outside players and six big men and, in case of the second option, it will probably be 7+5. Whatever happens, big job in team work and eliminating deficiencies, primarily in guard's position in defense is expected.

An aggravating factor is that a large number of the leaders in play haven't had quite successful seasons and to several players it was the year of playing as a debutant in foreign clubs. Injuries, club changing and club conception got influence on their individual statistics and lack of self-confidence as well. Truth to say, Ivkovic was "bringing to life" a plenty of aces many times but, it's the harder path and it's questionable what time there is for raising shape to an optimal level.

With captain Krstic, the key player of the national team is Milos Teodosic. Despite a number of individual acknowledgements, he failed at the end of the season which was, in general, worse than the previous one. In Euroleague he had a score of 10,9 points and 3,6 assists but, because of the injury, made a pause in a few important matches against Siena and, in the final game of the play-off in Greece he wasn't at his level. In the second season in Panathinaikos, Milenko Tepic didn't manage to get significant playing time. In "Final Four" he played only four seconds and had 2,5 points and 1,1 assist in Euroleague. In the first season in Benetton, Stefan Markovic played on a standard level. In 28 minutes in domestic championship, he had a score of 5,3 points, 4,2 rebounds and 3,5 assists and, in Eurocup, he played one minute longer with 6,1 points, 4,1 rebounds and 4,9 assists. Aleksandar Rasic, who took his chance in Turkey, started an excellent season in Trabzon (9,6 points, 3,2 rebounds, 5,3 assists) and later had shorter playing time in Lietuvos Ritas. Ivan Paunic was the leader of play of Nizhny Novgorod (in 28 minutes had an average of 10,9 points and 5 rebounds) and Uros Tripkovic in Unicaja manage to have 17 minutes (8,9 points, 40% in a three-point shot)

The position number 3 might be a problem for the head coach. Nemanja Bjelica missed a big part of the season for back and ankle injury and underwent a hand operation in the finish. In ACB League he got an 11 minutes average (3,9 points and 2 rebounds) and "tiny" 8,6 minutes in Euroleague (1,2 points and 1,7 rebounds). Marko Keselj had troubles with injuries too and in Greece played 12 in average (4,8 points, 2,4 rebounds) and had even more modest efficiency in Euroleague (3,8 points and 1

rebound). Novica Velickovic had the hardest season. Two years ago he came to Real as the European best "number 4" but coach Mesina was constantly reducing his playing time. The change of coaches didn't bring any better and Molin mostly kept him on the bench. In ACB league he played 10 minutes in average (3 points, 2,6 rebounds) and 12 in Euroleague (3,4 points, 2,8 rebounds).

Dusko Savanovic has made the best score. He led Valencia to Euroleague quarterfinals (11,9 points, 4,5 rebounds in 25 minutes) and for the position "4" Ivkovic counts on Milan Macvan, who had a debut season abroad. Though he came to Macabi in December, he manage to get 9,4 minutes in average (3,5 points and 1,7 rebounds).

Nenad Krstic is the first option for position "5". In February he came from Oklahoma to Boston and, except in the play-off, had similar role and playing time. By signing a contract with Russian CSKA, he finished his NBA career and now will be in a position to turn him to work from the first day, which was not the case before Turkey. In 22 minutes he had a standard efficiency - 8,1 point and 4,7 rebounds. In both ACB League and Euroleague, Kosta Perovic was spending 12 minutes in average, scoring 5 points and having three rebounds. Fast play that Barcelona is using certainly influenced our center to be "withheld" for a couple of minutes and better efficiency. For



the best selection, recuperated Miroslav Raduljica will also compete. For the foot injury, he missed a half of the season and played only for games for Efes. Leaving to Alba opened his way to Lithuania and, for the best-known German club he played 15 minutes in average (10,2 points and 3,5 rebounds).

Strenuous trainings await our national team. Ivkovic has decided to have basic preparations in Germany and, a number of tournaments and control games will bring a clear image about what team to take to Lithuania where from London can be seen.

Željko Obradović, trener Panatinaikosa

Korigovanje, to je moj zanat



Čovek koji je po osmi put osvojio trofej Evrolige, i ušao u istoriju kao najbolji trener u tom takmičenju svih vremena, kaže da sve duguje igračima, međusobnom poverenju, strpljenju i posvećenosti, kao i savetu profesora Ace Nikolića koji nikad neće zaboraviti.

Trenerska i životna filozofija Željka Obradovića je jednostavna: veruje u fanatičan rad. Sa takvim uverenjem je osam puta osvajao titulu klupskog šampiona Evrope, što niko u istoriji košarke dosad nije uradio. Treba biti pošten i objektivan, pa u trenucima najvećeg slavlja ne zaboraviti ni sve uspehe koje je Obradović ostvario kao igrač, naravno sve vreme verujući u isto – fanatičan rad. Da ne nabrajamo dalje, dovoljno je setiti se samo da je bio jedan od ključnih igrača reprezentacije one nekadašnje Jugoslavije u konkurenciji kakva tad nije bila ni u NBA ligi: Divac, Dražen Petrović, Danilović, Kukoč, Saša Đorđević, Paspalj, Rađa, Savić...

Pred start svake nove sezone Evrolige licitira se imenima favorita, ali na kraju se sve najčešće svede na samo dve reči: Željko Obradović. „Košarka se iz godine u godinu menja. Pravila su se promenila i sigurno su doprinela tome. Naravno, u evropskoj košarci ima mnogo klubova koji za svoj cilj postavljaju plasman na Fajnal four, i zbog toga je Evroliga mnogo interesantna. Odlaze neki igrači, neki žele da se dokažu, i to je prilika za mlade. Iz godine u godinu prisustvujemo nečemu što je sve zanimljivije, i Evroliga je zaista izvanredno takmičenje, a timovi koji igraju u njoj su na najvišem nivou” – kaže stručnjak koji i kao trener naše reprezentacije ima kolekciju medalja, od olimpijske, do onih sa svetskih i evropskih šampionata.

Šta je ključ u igri Panatinaikosa, kad je tako superiorno trijumfovao u Barseloni?

– Ključ su pre svega kvalitetni igrači. Oni su broj jedan. Igrači koji su cele godine naporno radili, odricali se mnogo čega, provodili vreme u sali i bili svesni da imaju po-

tencijal da igraju dobru košarku, što im se sve vratilo osvajanjem titule. Naravno, u svakoj ekipi međusobno poverenje je nešto što je izuzetno važno. Ja sam ponosan na to da mi igrači veruju, slede ideje koje imam ja i moj stručni štab. Kad se napravi ovakav svetski rezultat najveće priznanje pripada upravo igračima.

Godinama izgrađujete taj sistem. Koliko sve to košta vaše



Zeljko Obradovic, head coach of Panathinaikos

Correcting, that's my craft



he man who won Euroleague eight times and made history as the best coach ever in that competition says that he owes it all to players, mutual trust, patience and commitment as well as the advice of Aca

Nikolic he will never forget.

Coaching and life philosophy of Zeljko Obradovic is simple: he believes in fantastic work. With such belief he won the title of club champion of Europe eight times,

which no one in the history of basketball has ever done. Should be honest and fair, and in moments of greatest celebration not forget all the success that he achieved as a player, all the time believing in the same of course – a fantastic work. In order to stop listing, it's only enough to remember that he was one of the key players of the ex Yugoslav national team which even NBA didn't have at that time: Divac, Drazen Petrovic, Danilovic, Kukoc, Sasa Djordjevic, Paspalj, Radja, Savic....At the start of a new season of Euroleague there's always bidding with the names of favorites but it all usually ends with only two words – Zeljko Obradovic. "Year by year, basketball changes. The rules have changed and probably contributed it. Of course, there are many clubs in European basketball that qualifying into Final Four tournament set as its goal and therefore Euroleague is quite interesting. Some players go away, some want to prove themselves and that's a chance for the young. Year after year we are present at something that is more and more interesting and Euroleague is a really qualitative competition and the teams that play in it are at the highest possible level" – says the expert who has a collection of medals as the coach of our national team, from the Olympics to the ones from the World and European Championships.

What's the key in the play of Panathinaikos, that triumphed superiorly in Barcelona?

– First of all, the key is in qualitative players. They are number one. The players that worked hard over the year, spending time in a gym and resigning many things aware of having the potentiality to play good basketball, which all came back through winning the title. Certainly, in any team, mutual trust is a very important thing. I'm proud of having the trust of my players, follow the ideas me and my coaching board have got. When such a great result is made, the greatest merits go to players.

You've been building up that system for years. How much energy, nerves and years of life does it take – to express it vividly?

– The most important thing is that we've got. That's Kostas Carcaris, who is with us the longest period,



energije, živaca, pa i godina života – da se slikovito izrazimo?

– Najvažnije je da u Panatinaikosu imamo nukleus ekipe. To su četiri najvažnija igrača: Kostas Carcaris, koji je najduže s nama, Dimitris Dijamantidis, Majk Batist i Antonis Focis. Oni su godinama s nama i zaduženi su za igrače koji su vremenom dolazili. Prenosili su filozofiju igre i ideje, i doprinosili da se uklope u ekipu stvarajući sjajnu atmosferu. Posledica takve politike su naše igre i rezultati. Lično sam srećan svakog dana kad imamo trening. Košta me sve to živaca i energije, ali se isplati. Naravno da je tokom sezone, i godinama unazad, bilo raznih problema. I biće ih u budućnosti, ali jednostavno trenerski posao je takav da je nemoguće da se uvek bude na najvišem nivou, da iz utakmice u utakmicu igraš najbolje i da ekipa uvek bude koncentrisana koliko je potrebno. Posao trenera je pre svega da igračima objasni neke stvari. Ili, što je govorio moj dragi profa Aca Nikolić: „Korekcija, to je naš zanat. Korigovati, korigovati i korigovati“. Ti koriguješ igrača godinama, ali drugog puta nema.

Uloga Dijamantidisa? Koliko je on vaše oči i uši, trener na parketu?

– Apsolutno je tako. On je spiritus movens ovog tima. Lider koji sve razume. Drago mi je da smo sedam godina zajedno u Panatinaikosu, i da je ove sezone uspeo ono što nijedan igrač pre njega nije: da bude najbolji odbrambeni igrač Evrolige, MVP regularnog dela sezone, član prve petorke i MVP Fajnal foura. Uz to je osvojio i titulu. Ja sam zaista ponosan na to. Svi znaju kakav je Dijamantidis kao igrač, ali malo njih zna kakav je kao čovek. On je u apsolutno svakom pogledu za primer, pravi lider. Zaista sam veoma srećan što ga imam.

Kako vaši igrači uspevaju da tako brzo čitaju igru protivnika i u napadu i u odbrani, i prilagođavaju se?

– Mnogo toga je u pripremi utakmica, a mi to veoma ozbiljno radimo. Zaista imam izvanredan stručni štab sa mojim prvim pomoćnikom Dimitrisom Itudisom, s kojim godinama saradujem. Tu su još dva mlađa pomoćnika, Andreas Pistiolis i Dimitros Pejudis, sve pratimo, radimo kao tim. Na primer, nije bilo utakmice Montepaskija ove sezone, bilo u Evroligi ili u italijanskom prvenstvu, koju nismo gledali i analizirali. Na isti način pokrili smo Makabi i Real, s te strane bili smo potpuno spremni što se skautinga tiče. Spremamo se ozbiljno, a pretpostavljam da tako rade i mnogi drugi timovi u Evropi.

Etoze Mesina je potencirao da je najvažnije strpljenje u igri Panatinaikosa. Kako to komentarišete?

– Ima mnogo istine u tome. Ja insistiram na strpljenju, brzopletost dovodi do grešaka. To je nešto što dolazi sa iskustvom. Recimo, Dijamantidis je igrač koji ne prestano vodi računa o tome da nema brzopletosti u igri. I sam je sjajan šuter, ali ipak stalno brine i nastoji da dobra pozicija za šut na koš treba da se izgradi, nije bitno ko šutira. To je veoma važno.

Porede vas i sa Filom Džeksonom, slavnim imenom u NBA ligi. Da li ste nešto preuzeli od onog njegovog čuvenog trougla u vreme dok je trenirao Čikago?

– Prvo, hvala svima koji me porede sa njim. Ja sam, naravno, daleko od tog čoveka. On je napravio čudo u najjačoj ligi na svetu, i mogu samo da ponovim da se zahvaljujem svima koji me na bilo koji našin porede sa njim. Njegove napade je svojevremeno osmislio Teks Vinter, Džeksonov aistent, koji je postavio osnove igre Čikago Balsa. Ja sam to mnogo gledao i dobro prostudirao, što je i normalno. Međutim, Fil Džekson ima i druge fantastične ideje, koje sam ja analizirao mnogo puta i pokušavao da primenim na moju ekipu. Ali, nije to lako. Svi znaju šemu, ali važan je i kvalitet igrača koje imaš, i koliki su im dometi. On je imao jednog koji se zvao Džordan, i time je sve rečeno.

Primetno je u napadu Panatinaikos opredeljenje na unutrašnju igru, i na centre Batista ili Marića. Koliko su za takav pristup bitni igrači kojima raspolazete?

– Upravo sam rekao da je mnogo važno da znaš dobro karakteristike igrača kojima raspolazeš. Majkl Batist je sigurno jedan od najboljih visokih igrača u Evropi već godinama. Sjajno prati igru i kretnje spoljnih igrača. I Nikola Peković je, pre nego što je iz Panatinaikosa otišao u Ameriku, mnoge lopte takođe dobijao i realizovao baš kao posledicu te naše unutrašnje igre. I on je bio naš važan šraf u timu. Moramo da imamo rešenja na svakom delu terena. Pokušavamo da budemo raznovrsni, a koliko uspevamo to je stvar ličnog utiska.

Kako igrate odbranu od pick'n'rolla?

– Igramo zavisno od situacije. Imamo mnogo različitih odbrana od pick'n'rolla, baš kao što imamo različite opcije i u napadu.

Odbrana u zoni?

– Ja nisam od onih trenera koji misle da na utakmici uvek treba probati sve moguće odbrane. Mnogo je važnije da se igrači osećaju komotno u svakoj vrsti odbrane koju trenutno igramo. Zavisno od situacije i toka igre prebacujemo se na zonu, i imamo više vrsta takve odbrane.

Da li vam više leži odbrana čovek na čoveka?

– Da, zato jer je to odbrana u kojoj igrači imaju individualnu odgovornost. I u kojoj mogu da pokažu i svoji lični kvalitet.

Kako napadate zonu protivnika?

– Nastojimo da izgradimo situaciju u kojoj će neko od naših igrača da ostane sam u reketu, ili da spolja šutne uz poverenje ostalih igrača da će da ubaci.

Koliko se sve u igri može isplanirati, a koliki je u svemu tome udeo mašte samih igrača?

– Može mnogo toga unapred da se isplanira, ali bez mašte ništa ne vredi. Vanserijski igrači uvek naprave neki vanserijski potez koji iznenadi i protivnika, ali i trenera na klupi.

Aleksandar Ostojić

Dimitris Dijamantidis, Majkl Batist and Antonis Focis. They're with us for years and are in charge of the players that were coming. They were passing the philosophy of play and the ideas and contributing to helping them to fit in, making a great atmosphere...A consequence of such politics is our plays and results. Personally, I'm happy every day when the trainings take place. It all costs me nerves and energy but it's worth. It's certain that there were many problems during the season and the years behind. There will be problems in the future as well but the job of a coach is such that it's impossible to be at the highest possible level all the time and play the best way game after game and still be concentrated as needed. The coach's job is primarily to explain some things to players. Or, as my dear professor Aca Nikolic used to say: "Correcting, that's our craft. To correct, correct and correct". You've been correcting a player for years but, there's no other way.

The role of Dijamantidis? To what extent he appears to be your ears and eyes, a coach in the field?

– That's absolutely correct. He is spiritus movens of this team. The leader that understands everything. I'm glad that we've been together in Panatinaikos for seven years and that this year he made what no other before him has ever done: to be the best defensive player in Euroleague, MVP of the regular part of the season, the member of the first five lineup and MVP of Final Four. In addition, he won the title. I'm really proud to that. Everybody knows Dijamantidis as a player but there are few like he that knows him as a person. He is absolutely a paradigm in any aspect, a true leader. I'm really rather happy for having him.

How do your players succeed in reading the game of the opponent both in offense and defense that fast, and adjust themselves?

– Much of the secret is in preparation of games and, we do it very seriously. I definitely have got an excellent coaching staff, along with my first assistant, Dimitris Itudis, I've been cooperating with for years. There are two younger assistants in it, Andreas Pistiolis and Dimitros Pejudis.. we track everything, work as a team. For example, there was not a single game of Montepaschi this year, in Euroleague or in Italian Championship that we missed to look and analyze. The same way, we covered Macabi and Real and, in that sense, when it comes to scouting, we were completely ready. We prepare ourselves studiously and, I guess that many other teams in Europe are doing the same.

Ettore Messina cited that in the play of Panathinaikos patience is crucial. What's your comment to that?

– There's much of the truth in that. I insist on patience, rashness leads to mistakes. It's the thing that comes with experience. To say, Dijamantidis is the player who constantly takes care of avoiding rashness in play. He is a great shooter but he always keeps track of providing the situation where a good position for a shot should be created, no matter who the shooter is. It's very important.

People compare you to Phil Jackson, the glorious NBA name. Did you take over some things out of his famous triangle, from the time when he used to coach Chicago?

– First of all, thanks to all comparing me to him. Of course, I'm far from that man. He made a miracle in the strongest league in the world and I can only say once again that I'm grateful to all those that compare me to him in any category. His attacks were designed by Tex Winter, Jackson's assistant, who set fundamentals of play of Chicago Bulls. Normally, I used to watch and study that a lot. However, Phil Jackson has other fantastic ideas I did analyze and tried to apply in my team. But, it's not that easy. Everybody knows the pattern but the quality of players you've got and what's their maximum are also important. He had one named Jordan and, it makes all quite clear.

It's noticeable that in Panathinaikos' offense the focus is on inside play and centers Batista and Maric.. For such an approach, how important are the players you've got available?

– I've just said that it's very important to know characteristics of players you've got. Michael Batista is definitely one of the best big men in Europe for years. He brilliantly follows the play and movement of outside players. Nikola Pekovic, before leaving to USA, also received and realized many balls as the consequence of our inside play. He used to be a very important link in our team. We must have solutions in each part of the field. We try to be versatile and, to what extent we succeed in it seems to be a matter of personal impression.

How do you play defense against pick-and-roll?

– We play depending on the situation. We've got many different defenses against pick-and-roll, as well as different options in offense as well.

Defense in zone play?

– I'm not one of the coaches who think that every possible defense should be exercised in a game. It's a lot more important that players feel comfortable in any sort of defense we play at that moment. Depending on the situation and course of the game, we make transition into zone and we possess several kinds of thatkind of defense.

Does the man-to-man defense seem more appropriate to you?

– Yes, since that's the defense in which the players have individual responsibility and in which they can demonstrate their personal qualities.

How do you attack the opponent's zone play?

– We intend to build up the situation where some of our players remain alone in the paint or to take an outside shot with trust of other players that he will score.

How much all the things can be planned in a play and what part of it is in imagination of the players?

– Many things can be pre-planned, but it's nothing without imagination. Extraordinary players always make some unusually brilliant move that surprises the opponent but the coach on the bench as well.

Vlade Jovanović nastavio šampionski niz KK Partizan

Najdraža titula debitantske sezone

Crno-beli deo Srbije slavio je 16. decembra 2010. godine, pa 12. februara, 21. aprila i 8. juna 2011. Malo li je radosti za jednu sezonu? Jednu paklenu, turbulentnu..., debitantsku sezonu.

Da li je lako opravdati poverenje veličina kakve su Predrag Danilović, Duško Vujošević, Dragan Todorić...? Ili izdržati pritisak javnosti čiji je veći deo stajao nad glavom mladom Čačaninu čekajući svaki kiks crno-belih da bi posumnjao u mogućnosti ovog 38-godišnjaka. Da li je bilo lako voditi petoricu stranaca (prvi put u istoriji kluba), sve ih spojiti u celinu koja će nekoliko meseci kasnije pred 8000 duša slaviti desetu titulu prvaka države, Jovanoviću, iz mnogo razloga najdraži trofej?

Još mnogo, mnogo toga je Vlade Jovanović uspeo da pobedi uz, doduše, silan vetar u leđa koji je činila vera ljudi koji su ga na tu laskavu poziciju postavili. Takođe, uz pomoć momaka koje je vodio i uklopio da se nije znalo ko je od njih srećniji, od Australijanaca, preko Evropljana, do Amerikanaca, kada su obukli majice sa brojem 18. Toliko je Partizan osvojio titula prvaka države.

– Napraviti retrospektivu cele sezone je jako teško – počeo je Vlade Jovanović. – Prvo, usledio je taj poziv dok sam bio na pripremama sa juniorskom reprezentacijom. Zatim je došlo selektiranje tima koje nije bilo baš kako treba, jer smo iznenada ostali bez velikog broja igrača. To nije ništa novo u Partizanu, jednostavno smo primorani tako da funkcionišemo zbog izdašnih ponuda za naše igrače. Tako se finansiramo. Ostala su samo tri nosioca igre – Božić, Kecman i Veseli. Onda su usledile promene igrača koje sam prihvatio kao moju grešku. Jedan deo javnosti je sa strepnjom pratio šta se dešava u Partizanu. Onda je tu bio i drugi deo gde nisu naše pristalice. Svi su čekali trenutak kada će skinuti Partizan sa trona, posebno, jer smo za deset godina sa Vujoševićem na čelu postavili kriterijume i norme šta je uspeh. Ali, Partizan je tada bio trusno polje.

Ipak, Parni valjak je tada bio u naletu na čelu sa svojim kormilarom Vladom Jovanovićem:

– Počele su da se sklapaju kockice, osvojili smo Kup gde smo ne baš sjajnom igrom, ali veoma upornom, stavili do znanja da se nećemo lako predati. U drugom delu sezone smo u svim takmičenjima pokazali ratnički karakter, da smo iz dana u dan rasli kao tim. Povezali smo se i uspeli.

Mnogi Partizanu zameraju što je jedan deo sezone igrao sa velikim brojem stranaca. Ipak, to su definitivno bili igrači koji su pravili razliku – osporavani Džerels je završio kao MVP i najbolji strelac finala domaćeg prvenstva, a da je dodeljivana ista nagrada na fajnal-foru NLB lige, sigurno bi je poneo kući. Džejms Gist je pokupio trofej MVP Kupa Radivoja Kora-

ća. Ali, ako je nekome bilo teško u situaciju sa toliko stranaca, bio je to trener Jovanović.

– Prvi put u istoriji Partizana imali smo najveći broj stranaca. Meni kao treneru debitantu sigurno nije bilo lako da ukomponujem ljude koji su došli sa različitih kontinenata, da oni probaju da razmišljaju kao mi. Meni je zato izazov bio svaki trening. Spremao sam se fizički i psihički kao da igram Evroligu.

Šta može da se očekuje od Partizana u narednoj sezoni, osim što će na klupi sedeti još jači Vlade Jovanović:

– Sezona neće biti lakša. To je standardan problem Partizana. Prošle godine me je poziv, odnosno odluka da ću biti trener, sačekala na Kopaoniku. Trebalo je da imamo celu ekipu, ali se ispostavilo da nema baš mnogo njih. Trebalo je da imam jednog stranca, ja završim sa petoricom. Nisam bio ni na nebu ni na zemlji. Ali, posle svega ovoga biću više sa dve noge na zemlji, sutra počinjemo da razmišljamo o igračima, kako će sledeća sezona izgledati. Ja sam čovek 100 odsto na zemlji, ali neke stvari nisam uspeo da iskontrolišem na pravi način. Sada znam da sam trener, da nas čeka još teža sezona nego prethodna, da smo opet održali rezultatski kvalitet na najvišem nivou, da će se sledeće sezone još motivisanije ulaziti u mečeve sa nama. Znam i da predstoji reorganizacija celog tima, da će ostati samo 30 odsto ekipe. U zavisnosti od toga šta bude mo radili narednih 20 dana, znaćemo i šta ćemo moći da napadamo. Naravno, Partizan uvek ide na najviše ciljeve, mislim da ćemo se svi uhvatiti u koštac sa onim što nam predstoji, hrabro i iskreno, zaključio je trener Vlade Jovanović. Uostalom, na tom mestu se samo tako može i mora razmišljati.



Vlade Jovanovic has continued the Partizan BC's champion string

The dearest title of the debut season



he black-and- white oriented part of Serbia celebrated on December 16, 2010, February 12, April 21 and June 8 2011. Is it a little joy for one season? The hellish, turbulent, debutant season.

Is it easy to maintain the trust of the grandeurs like Predrag Danilovic, Dusko Vujosevic, Dragan Todoric..? Or withstand the pressure of the public whose major part represented a burden to this young man from Cacak by waiting for any failure of the black-and-whites to doubt the capabilities of the 38-year old man? Was it easy to Jovanovic to lead five foreigners (for the first time in club's history), put them all together in a whole that a few months afterwards will celebrate the tenth title of the state champion in front of 8000 people, which is for many reasons his favorite trophy?

Much, much more Vlade Jovanovic managed to win though, admittedly, helped by the faith of the people who set him to that flattering position and also, helped by the guys he led and fitted in, in a way that, on putting on the number 18 T-shirts, made happy each of them – the Australians, Europeans, Americans. That's the number of the titles won by Partizan.

– It's quite hard to make a retrospective of the whole season – Vlade Jovanovic began. Firstly, the invitation came while I was preparing the junior national team. It was followed by selecting the team that didn't go well since we ran out of a large number of players. In Partizan, that's not a novelty, we're forced to function that way, for the lavish offers for our players. It's the way of our financing. Only three main players remained – Bozic, Kecman and Veseli. Then, changes of players came forward, which I accepted as my fault. A part of the public followed with trepidation what was going on in Partizan. In addition, there was another side where there were no our supporters. Everybody was waiting for the moment to take Partizan off the throne, particularly for the fact that in ten years, led by Vujosevic, we have set criteria and norms of what is success. But used to be an unstable ground then.

But, the team was in good shape, with Vlade Jovanovic:

– The things began to fit in, we won the Cup though not playing well but persistently, making it clear that we will not give up easily. In the second part of the season we have shown the warrior-like character and that we were maturing as a team day by day. We interlocked ourselves and succeeded.

Many mind Partizan for playing with a large number of foreigners in a part of the season. Anyway, those were the players that were making the advantage – disputed Jerels ended up as MVP and the best scorer of the final domestic championship game and if the prize had been delivered in NLB league Final Four as well, Jerels would definitely brought it home. James Gist picked up the Radivoj Korac Cup MVP title. But, if there was a person that had felt himself bad in the situation with so many strangers, it was coach Jovanovic.

– For the first time in Partizan's history we had the largest number of foreigners. To me, as the coach – debutant, it wasn't easy to compose the people coming from different continents, to make them try to think as we do. For that reason, every training was a challenge. I was getting ready physically and mentally, as if I was to play Euroleague.

What can be expected from Partizan in the next season, except having on the bench even more stronger Vlade Jovanovic?

– The season won't be easier. It's Partizan's standard problem. Last year, the invitation i.e. the decision to become a coach found me at Kopaonik. We were supposed to have the entire team but it turned out that there wasn't many. I was supposed to have one foreigner but it ended up with five. I was neither here nor there. But, after all this I'll be more steadily on the ground, we start thinking about the players even tomorrow, and how the following season will look like. I'm 100% on the ground but I didn't manage to control certain things the right way. Now I know that I'm a coach, that even tougher season than the previous is in front of us, that we have maintained the quality of results on the highest possible level again, that the next season opponents will enter the games against us even more motivated. I'm also aware of reorganization of the entire team, that only 30 % of the team remains. Depending on what we are to do in the next 20 days, we'll get familiar with what we aim to. Certainly, Partizan always sets highest goals to itself, I think we will all come to grips with what we are facing, bravely and honestly, Vlade Jovanovic concluded. After all, at that place only that way it can be and it must be pondered about.

Milun Nesovic



U izboru dnevnog lista PRESS

Dušan Ivković – trener decenije

najbolji od najboljih! Selektor srpske košarkaške reprezentacije Dušan Ivković izabran je u anketi dnevnog lista Press za najboljeg trenera u protekloj deceniji! Ivković, koji je posrnulu reprezentaciju Srbije i bez velikih zvezda vratio na pobjednička postolja, imao je žestoku konkurenciju u kojoj su bili Duško Vujošević, Željko Obradović, Igor Kolaković, Dejan Udovičić, Radomir Antić, Svetislav Pešić....

Veliki izbor Pressa, u kojem su učestvovali 20 eminentnih sportskih stručnjaka, 27 najvećih medija u zemlji i stotine čitalaca ovog ista koji su glasali na veb-sajtu, održan je tokom januara.

Takmičenje za stručnjaka bilo je veoma gusto a Duda je trijumfovao ispred Duška Vujoševića i Svetislava Pešića koji su imali samo 1,5 bodova manje. Željko Obradović, koji je sa Panatinaikosom u protekloj deceniji osvojio neverovatnih devet šampionata Grčke i tri Evrolige, bio je tek četvrti.



Mirko Oćokoljić, generalni sekretar UKTS, primio je priznanje u redakciji Pressa od Lazara Grozdanovića u ime Dušana Ivkovića

Indijanapolis najveći uspeh decenije

Zanimljivo je da su predstavnici košarkaškog sporta uzeli dva priznanja u izboru Pressa. Osim Ivkovića, koji je najbolji trener zlatna medalja košarkaša u Indijanapolisu iz 2002. godine ocenjena je kao najveći uspeh srpskog sporta u deceniji za nama. Ona posebno dobija na značaju jer je izvojevana na američkom tlu i to zahvaljujući istorijskoj pobjedi nad „drim timom“ u četvrtfinalu, da bi u finalu pala i moćna Argentina.

S obzirom na obaveze u svom klubu Olimpijaskosu Dušan Ivković nije bio u prilici da u petak 29. aprila primi priznanje pa je umesto njega to učinio sekretar udruženja košarkaških trenera Srbije Mirko Oćokoljić. Ipak, Ivković je povodom ove nagrade dao izjavu za list „Trener“

– Redakciji Pressa, svim čitaocima, istaknutim sportskim radnicima i medijima iskreno zahvaljujem na dodeljenom priznanju. Takođe zahvaljujem svim saradnicima i trenerima, a pre svega košarkašima, jer je u savremenom sportu nemoguće ostvariti vrhunski rezultat bez timskog i kvalitetnog rada. Žao mi je što priznanje ne mogu da primim lično i ovim putem želim da vas srdačno pozdravim i poželim vam zdravlje, sreću i uspeh – poručio je Dušan Ivković.

Što se tiče ostalih laureata za najboljeg sportistu decenije izabran je teniser Novak Đoković, sa samo jednim glasom više od vaterpoliste Vanje Udovičića, koji je u prethodnih deset godina osvojio čak 32 titule. Najbolja sportistkinja je Jasna Šekarić, dok je najbolja ekipa vaterpolo reprezentacija Srbije.

In the Press Daily Newspapers' selection

Dusan Ivkovic – The Coach of the Decade

the best of the best. Head coach of the Serbian national basketball team, Dusan Ivkovic, was elected the best coach in the last decade! Ivkovic, who has brought the fallen Serbian national team without stars back to the podiums, had keen competition in Dusko Vujosevic, Zeljko Obradovic, Igor Kolakovic, Dejan Udovicic, Radomir Antic, Svetislav Pesic...

Press' large selection, in which 20 sport experts, 27 national media and hundreds of the readers voting on the web site participated, took place in January.

The competition for an expert was quite "tough" and Duda stood before Dusko Vujosevic and Svetislav Pesic, who were only 1, 5 point behind. Zeljko Obradovic, who



Indianapolis, the best success of the decade

It sounds interesting that the representatives of basketball have taken two acknowledgements in Press' selection. Beside Ivkovic, as the best coach, gold medal of basketball team in Indianapolis in 2002 has been estimated the greatest success in the decade behind. It is of particular importance for the fact that, with Svetislav Pesic holding a baton, it was made on the American soil, thanks to the historical victory over the "dream team" in quarterfinals and powerful Argentina in the final game.

won the incredible row of nine championships in Greece and three in Euroleague, took the 4th place.

Given the commitments in his club, Olympiacos, Dusan Ivkovic wasn't in the position to receive the acknowledgement on Friday, April 29 so it was delivered to the ASBC Secretary Mirko Ocokoljic instead. However, apropos the award, Ivkovic made a statement for "Coach".

– I give thanks for this acknowledgement to Press newsroom, all readers, prominent sport workers and media. In addition, I honestly thank to all assistants and coaches and particularly basketball players, for it is impossible in modern sport to achieve a top-level result without a team and qualitative work. I'm sorry I can't receive it in personal, I'll take this opportunity to greet you cordially and wish you health, luck and success – Ivkovic said.

As far as other winners are concerned, the best athlete of the decade is tennis player Novak Djokovic, having only one vote more than water polo player Vanja Udovicic who won 32 titles in the last decade. The best female sportsman is Jasna Sekaric and the best team is National Water Polo Team of Serbia

D. Stojmenovic

Borislavu Stankoviću Majska nagrada SS Srbije

Delo za nekoliko života



grač, košarkaški trener sa najvišim priznanjem UKTS – nagrada za životno delo „Slobodan Piva Ivković“, funkcioner, skoro sedam decenija u najznačajnijim ulogama u košarci.

Jednostavno, šta god da se napiše o Borislavu Stankoviću u jednom novinskom tekstu, „tanko“ je da potkrepi njegovo delo koje je vrdni i za nekoliko ljudskih života.

Mozaik najviših svetskih priznanja pojačan je i neprestajnim domaćim za sportska dostignuća, Majskom nagradom Sportskog saveza Srbije, za životno delo. Naravno, ponosni na našeg Boru – živu košarkašku legendu, nismo propustili priliku da mu črstitamo i dobijemo izjavu za Trener.

Šta za vas znači Majska nagrada?

– U sportu sam duže od šest decenija. Dobijao sam razne nagrade, više u inostranstvu nego kod nas, pa mi je zato posebno draga Majska nagrada, jer dolazi od Sportskog

saveza Srbije koji vodi brigu o celom našem sportu. Smatram da je to i priznanje našoj košarci pošto ja dolazim iz nje, istakao je naš cenjeni sagovornik.

Dobili ste desetine značajnih priznanja širom sveta. Koja su vam posebno draga?

– Teško je izdvojiti neko jer svako ima neki svoj poseban značaj. Ako već moram, pomenuću francusku Legiju časti, nemački Zaslužni krst, naš Orden za zasluge prvog reda, dva ordena Međunarodnog olimpijskog komiteta, kao i priznanje koje sam svojevremeno dobio od mog OKK Beograda.

Ova poslednja, u nizu nagrada koju je naš sagovornik dobio, kao i svaka do sada, kada je Bora Stanković u pitanju, ima maksimalno pokriće. Na dobrobit naše košarke, koju su prepoznali i u Sportskom savezu Srbije, Bora je i dalje aktivan i dragocena ličnost ovog sporta, ne samo za našu, već i košarku – daleko van granica Srbije.

M. S. i M. P.



The May Award of Sport Association of Serbia to Bora Stankovic

A deed for more than one life

a player and a basketball coach with the highest ASBC acknowledgement – Lifetime Achievement Award „Slobodan Piva Ivkovic”, the official, nearly seven decades in the most important roles in basketball.

Simply, whatever is written about Bora Stankovic in a newspapers' column is insufficient to substantiate his work that is priceless.

Mosaic of the highest world acknowledgements is fulfilled by the most prestigious domestic one for sport achievements, May Award from the Sport Association of

Meritorious Cross, our Medal for merits of first order, two medals from International Olympic Committee as well as the acknowledgement that I got from my OBC Beograd.

In a row of awards our interlocutor got, the latter, as well as all so far, has maximum coverage when it comes to Bora Stankovic. For the benefit of our basketball, recognized in the Sport Association of Serbia, Bora is still an active and valuable person of this sport, not only for our but for the basketball far beyond the borders of Serbia.

M. S. & M. P.

Serbia for the lifetime achievement. Certainly, we are proud of our Bora – living legend of basketball, we didn't miss the chance to congratulate and make an interview for „Trener”.

What does the May Award mean to you?

I've been in sport for more than six decades. I used to win various awards, more abroad then here, so the May Award is particularly dear, since it comes from the Sport Association of Serbia that takes care of our sport as a whole. I think that it's an acknowledgement to our basketball because that's where I come from – our appreciated interlocutor said.

You got dozens of significant acknowledgements throughout the world. Which ones are of special importance to you?

– It's difficult to single out, each has some particular significance. If I have to do so, I'll mention the French Legion of Honour, German



Stara Pazova

Sportski centar za divljenje



oči samog svečanog otvaranja Sportskog centra FSS u Staroj Pazovi, poznatijeg kao Kuća fudbala, ovaj velelepni objekat posetili su, 28. aprila, Zoran Kovačić, predsednik i Mirko Ocokoljić – sekretar UKTS.

kreter UKTS.

Zvaničnike našeg udruženja, pre posete samom Sportskom centru, u ulozi dobrog domaćina, primio je Goran Jović, predsednik Opštine Stara Pazova.

U razgovoru, vođenim u kabinetu predsednika Jovića, Kovačić i Ocokoljić su informisani o mogućnostima Sportskog centra, saradnje kako sa Udruženjem košarkaških trenera, tako u uspostavljanju mosta saradnje između Kuće košarke i Kuće fudbala. Predsednik Jović je bio vrlo kompetentan sagovornik, jer je godinama radio kao čelni košarkaški radnik u Opštini. Stara Pazova se i promovira kao opština privrede i sporta. U ovoj opštini, pored brojnih prvoligaških klubova u raznim sportovima, funkcionišu, pored ostalih i tri košarkaška kluba u Prvoj ligi Vojvodina i sva tri su u gornjem delu tabele (KK Nova Pazova, KK Dunav – Stari Banovci i KK Stara Pazova).

Ovaj sportski centar udaljen je od Beograda oko 30 kilometara, a potpuno je utonuo u mir sremske ravnice. Po svemu što se moglo videti uslovi za rad, naročito trening, gotovo su idealni. Svoje impresije i Kovačić i Ocokoljić izneli su neposredno nakon obilaska celog Sportskog centra, za slušaocce i gledaocce RTV Stara Pazova.

Iskusni trener Kovačić bio je istinski impresioniran viđenim.

– Ovaj objekat deluje fantastično, gotovo kao sam Božji dar. Imao sam prilike da pogledam objekte slične vrste po celom svetu, ali ovako nešto kvalitetno nisam video. Moje utiske ću preneti kako članovima Upravnog odbora UKTS, tako i svim značajnim faktorima u Kući košarke. Mislim da bismo morali uspostaviti saradnju na nivou dva saveza, uz nesebično i iskreno obećanu pomoć prvog čoveka opštine Stara Pazova, gospodina Jovića. Smeštaj, sala za treninge, fenomenalno opremljena teretana, spa centar, ambulante i mnogo toga što se u našoj zemlji, a i u širem regionu – ne može naći, videli smo ovde pod jednim krovom, istakao je Zoran Kovačić.



Zoran Kovačić, predsednik UKTS sa svojim domaćinom Goranom Jovićem, predsednikom opštine Stara Pazova

Sličnih utisaka bio je i Mirko Ocokoljić, sekretar UKTS, ali i sam trener:

– Gotovo da je šteta ovaj sportski centar zvati Kuća fudbala, jer ovde su uslovi za mnoge sportove – vrhunski. Sala je fenomenalna, kao i svi prateći detalji do onih najsitnijih. Posebno nas je impresioniralo gostoprimstvo predsednika Jovića, za koga se vidi da je, uz sve ostale obaveze, čovek sporta i kompetentan sagovornik za nas iz košarke. Zato se i ne treba pitati: Otkud baš ovaj objekat u Staroj Pazovi? Izvesno, naš sport je dobio još jedno mesto za pripreme u vrhunskim uslovima.

Razgovor o saradnji sa predsednikom Jovićem nastavljen je i nakon zvaničnog obilaska objekta, a članovima naše delegacije predsednik Jović uručio je i prigodne poklone. Posebno je izrazio želju da ovaj objekat, pored ostalih, ugosti i našu košarkašku reprezentaciju na čelu sa selektorom Ivkovićem.

M.P.P.

Stara Pazova

An admiring sport center



On the eve of the opening ceremony of SFA (Serbian Football Association) in Stara Pazova, known as the House of football, this magnificent facility was visited by Zoran Kovacic, the president and Mirko Ocokoljic, secretary of ASBC. Officials of our association, before visiting the Sports Centre, were honored by Goran Jovic, mayor of Stara Pazova.

In conversation in mayor's office, Kovacic and Ocokoljic were informed about Sport Centre's facilities, possibility of cooperation with ASBC and in making a bridge of cooperation between The House of basketball and The House of Football. Mayor Jovic was very competent interlocutor since he used to work as the main person in basketball in the Municipality. Stara Pazova promotes itself as the Municipality of economy and sport. In it, beside a number of the clubs in A league in various sports, among others there are three basketball clubs in A league of Vojvodina and all are set in the upper part of the chart (Nova Pazova BC, Dunav BC from Stari Banovci and Stara Pazova BC).

This sport center is 30 km from Belgrade but completely immersed in the peace of Srem plains. By all that could be seen, working conditions and particularly trainings are almost ideal. Their impressions Kovacic and Ocokoljic immediately after a tour around the sport centre presented to the audience of RTV Stara Pazova.

Kovacic, an experienced coach, was truly delighted with the things seen.

– This building looks fantastic, almost like a gift from God. I had chances to see similar types of facilities throughout the world but not something of the quality like this. I'll pass my impressions to members of the ASBC Managing Board and all important people in the House of basketball. I think that we should collaborate on a level of these two unions, with generously and honestly offered help from the mayor of Stara Pazova, Mr. Jovic. Accommodation, gym for trainings, fully equipped weightlifting gym, spa center, clinics and many other things that can't be seen in our country and this region – is situated here in one place, Zoran Kovacic pointed out.

Mirko Ocokoljic, ASBC Secretary and a coach, had similar impressions:

– It almost can be a pity to name this facility the House of Football since the conditions for many other sports here are – a top level ones. Hall is excellent, as well as other subsidiary details down to the smallest ones. We were particularly impressed the hospitality of Mr. Jovic who is, along with other obligations, obviously a man of sport and competent interlocutor for us, the people from basketball. So there shouldn't be a question raised: Why this very object is situated in Stara Pazova? Certainly, our sport has got another place for preparations in excellent conditions.

The talks to Mr. Jovic about cooperation were continued after the official tour around the facility. To members of our delegation, president Jovic delivered some gifts. In particular, he expressed his wish to, among to the others, be the host of our national team, led by head coach Ivkovic.



Statistika

Razmena online podataka upotrebom web servisa

Ja ne verujem u vođenje statistike. Jedina statistika koja je bitna je konačan rezultat



vo je bilo tačno nekada, uglavnom iz razloga što i njihovi protivnici takođe nisu vodili i koristili statistiku. Međutim, vremena su se zasigurno promenila. Konačan rezultat je i dalje najvažniji, ali i način na koji je taj rezultat postignut je danas od velike važnosti.

U prošlosti, košarkaška statistika je bila luksuz dostupan samo velikim profesionalnim klubovima. Za prosečnog trenera, statistika je predstavljala pravu noćnu moru, zahtevajući veliku količinu vremena i truda, najpre u samom prikupljanju statističkih podataka, a zatim i u ručnom izračunavanju različitih zbirnih statističkih parametara. Za većinu trenera statistika jednostavno nije bila vredna tolikog truda. Međutim, računari su sve to promenili. I, najbolje od svega, rasprostranjenost i relativno niska cena računara i softvera omogućuje dostupnost ovih informacija svima. Posmatrano sa aspekta obeležja kvaliteta informacija, ručno vođenje statistike, uz pomoć olovke i papira, ima više nedostataka. Najčešći nedostatak je nepotpunost, jer se usled ograničene površine papira vodi evidencija samo najosnovnijih statističkih parametara. Dalje, potrebno je određeno vreme da se podatak upiše na statistički list i to na tačno definisano mesto na papiru, što značajno uvećava mogućnost da statističar u tim trenucima propusti jednu ili više akcija koje se dešavaju na terenu. Dovoljan je samo jedan pogled na statistički list koji se koristi za ručno vođenje statistike da bi se stekao uvid u (ne)razumljivost evidentiranih podataka, a posebno u poređenju sa kompjuterski obrađenim i na štampaču odštampanim izveštajima, sa mnoštvom proračunatih zbirnih i drugih parametara. Arhitektura se sastoji iz više klijenata koji rade nad Interbase-ovom bazom podataka, na lokalnoj mašini. Klijentske aplikacije prikupljaju i evidentiraju podatke sa košarkaških utakmica u trenutnom režimu, i isto-vremeno putem web servisa šalju podatke prema centralnom web serveru na kojem je postavljena web aplikacija koja radi nad MySQL bazom podataka. Slanje i ažuriranje podataka o utakmicama odvija se putem web servisa. Podaci o jednoj utakmici strukturirani su u okviru XML dokumenta, u koji se podaci prvo izvoze iz Interbase baze podataka. Potom se XML dokument šalje u okviru SOAP zahteva web servisu na web serveru. Web servis čita dokument i ažurira novo stanje o utakmici koja je u toku. Kako web servis omogućuje modifikacije nad bazom podataka spoljašnjim korisnicima, to je potrebna i zaštita u slučaju eventualnih zloupotreba. Validacija ispravno-

sti implementirane zaštite web servisa izvršena je kroz osnovne sigurnosne zahteve koji su dati kao:

- a) poverljivost (eng. reliability) – sadržaj poruke koja se razmenjuje u komunikaciji je dostupan samo učesnicima
- b) integritet (integrity) – zaštita od izmene sadržaja poruke u toku prenos, kao i na na mestu gde se poruka skladišti
- c) autentifikacija (authentication) – učesnici u komunikaciji su sigurni da komuniciraju sa učesnikom za koga veruju da je taj za koga se predstavlja.
- d) autorizacija tj. kontrola pristupa (access control) – specifikacija prava pristupa delovima poruke učesnicima komunikacije
- e) neporecivost (nonrepudiation) – učesnik ne može poreći svoje učešće u komunikaciji nakon samog čina

Slanje košarkaške statistike se obavlja putem FTP (File Transfer Protocol) protokola. To je protokol za prenos podataka između dva računara koji koristi TCP/IP za mrežnu komunikaciju. On se uspostavlja na zahtev klijentskog računara prema serverskom računaru, odnosno u našem slučaju program za slanje statistike šalje zahtev ka serveru na kojem dati podaci treba da se nalaze. FTP sesija se sastoji iz sesije za transfer (DTP – Data Transfer Process) i kontrolne sesije (PI – Protocol Interpreter). Uvek se prva pokreće kontrolna sesija koja šalje zahtev za uspostavljanje veze. Kada kontaktirana mašina primi zahtev vrši se provera identiteta a nakon toga uspostavljanje dvosmerne komunikacije između datih mašina. Tek tada je moguće slanje podataka ka FTP serveru.

Kada FTP klijen uputi komandu ka FTP serveru, server vraća trocifreni broj koji predstavlja kod odgovora. Kodovi su određeni FTP standardom i koriste se radi brže i sigurnije razmene podataka. Na osnovu odgovora koji se dobija od servera znamo da li su podaci uspešno poslani i o tome se obaveštava korisnik preko poruke na korisničkom interfejsu.

Slanje htm fajla sa podacima o statistici se vrši na svakih 15 sekundi. Za slanje podataka odgovorna je posebna nit u aplikaciji. Na isteku tog intervala izvrši se tajmer koji kreira nit za slanje podataka. Svaka aplikacija na Windows operativnim sistemima se tretira kao proces. Nit (thread) je „osnovna jedinica građe” procesa jer svaki proces mora imati najmanje jednu nit, ali po potrebi može sadržati i veše od jedne niti. Razlog za uvođenje više niti je potreba da se više stvari istovremeno izvršava u jednom procesu. Istovre-

Statistics

The web service – based on-line data exchange

I don't believe in running statistics. The only statistics that matters is the final result



his was once correct, mostly for the reason that their opponents didn't run and use statistics as well. However, times have definitely changed. The final result is still the most important but, the way of achieving that result is of big importance nowadays as well.

In the past, basketball statistics used to be considered as luxury available to big professional clubs only. For an average trainer, statistics was a real nightmare, requiring a large amount of time and efforts, primarily in collecting the statistical data and then in manual calculation of various summary statistical parameters. For most coaches, stats simply didn't worth so much effort. However, computers have changed it all. And, the best of all, distribution and relatively low cost of computers and software allows availability of information to everyone....From the aspect of information quality marks, manual statistics running, helped with paper and pen, has several flaws. The commonest deficiency is incompleteness since, owing to the limited surface of a paper the evidence of only basic statistical parameters is run. Furthermore, it takes some time to insert the data in the statistical sheet, into the strictly determined place on the paper, which significantly increases the chance that a statistician might miss one or more actions happening on the court at that moment. Only one look into the statistical paper used for manual statistics running to get an insight into (un)intelligibility of recorded data, especially in comparison with computer-processed reports printed with a printer, containing a number of calculated summary and other parameters. The architecture consists of several clients that work over Interbase's database on local machine. The client applications collect and record the data from basketball games in real-time mode and via web service simultaneously send the data to the central web server where a web application working over MySQL database is set.

The game data sending and updating is done via web service. The data about a game are structured within an XML document, into which the data are exported from the Interbase database. Then, the XML document is sent within the SOAP web service request on the web server. The web service reads the file and updates the newest information about the match in progress. As well as the web service allows a database modification to external users, the protection against possible abuse is necessary. Validation of

the correctness of the implemented web service protection is made through the basic safety requirements given as:

- a) Reliability – content of the message exchanged in communication is available only to participants.
- b) Integrity – protection from the content changes in the course of transfer, as well as in the place of storage
- c) Authentication – the parties in communication are sure in communicating with the one they believe being the one they stand for.
- d) Access control – specification of the right of access to the parts of a message for the participants in communication.

- e) Non-repudiation – after the act, a participant cannot repudiate his/her participation in communication.

Sending the basketball statistics goes through FTP (File Transfer Protocol) protocol. It's the protocol for transferring data between two computers using TCP/IP for network communication. It is established on client computer's request to the server i.e., in our case, the program for sending statistics sends request to server in which the data given should be situated. FTP session is consisted of the transfer session (DTP – Data Transfer Process) and control session (PI – Protocol Interpreter). The control session is always ran first, it sends request for establishing the connection. When the contacted machine receives the request, identity check is performed and, after that, establishing a two-way communication between the machines given. Only then data sending to FTP server becomes possible.

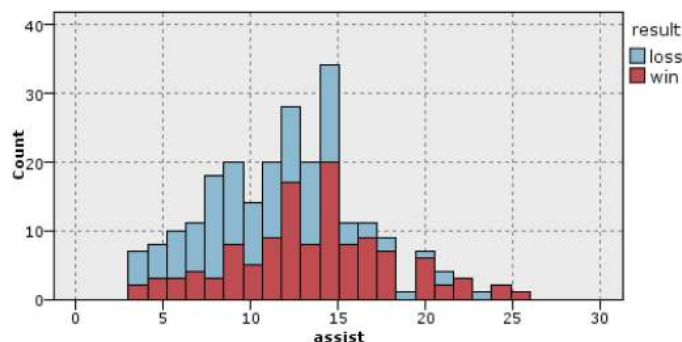
– Klijent – client; konekcija za transfer – connection for transfer; kontrolna konekcija – control connection

When FTP client sends command to FTP server, the server returns a three digit number that represents a reply code. The codes are determined by FTP standard and are used for faster and more secure data exchange. On the basis of a reply received from server, we know are the data successfully sent and the user is about that informed through the message in user interface.

Sending HTM file with data about statistics takes place every 15 seconds. A special thread in the application is responsible for data sending. At the end of the interval a timer is made, which creates a thread for data sending. Every application in Windows operating systems is treated as a process. The thread is "the basic structural unit" of a process because each process must have at least one thread but, if necessary, can contain more than one. The

meno izvršavanje u pravom smislu se dešava samo u računarima koji imaju više procesora (core2duo, core2quad ...), pri čemu pojedinačni procesor izvršava određenu nit, dok drugi procesor izvršava neku drugu nit. Prilikom izvršavanja većeg broja niti dolazi do preključivanja procesora sa jedne niti na drugu, odnosno prvo se izvršava deo koda sa prve niti, zatim deo koda sa druge niti, pa ponovo deo koda sa prve niti itd. Na ovaj način simuliramo istovremeno izvršavanje više niti.

Aplikacija za slanje statistike se sastoji iz dve niti. Prva nit je glavna nit programa koja pokreće aplikaciju i ostaje aktivna dokle god je i sama aplikacija aktivna. Druga nit služi za slanje podataka na server. Data nit se kreira na svakih 15 sekundi, pošalje podatke na server i nakon toga se automatski ubije. Aplikacija je razdvojena u dve niti da bi se omogućila interakcija sa programom i u momentu kada on šalje podatke. U suprotnom program poslatu komandu, recimo za prestanak daljih slanja podataka, ne bi primio sve dok ne završi sa slanjem podataka. U slučaju dve niti on odmah registruje našu komandu i prestaje sa kreiranjem novih niti. Ukoliko je neka nit već kreirana ona će se izvršiti do kraja i poslati podatke. Da bi se podaci slali na server neophodno je postojanje internet konekcije. U slučaju nestanka interneta, program nije u mogućnosti da pošalje podatke, a data pojava se tretira kao izuzetak. Izuzetak se hvata i obrađuje ali se izvršavanje programa ne prekida. Nit koja nije uspela da pošalje podatke se završava a brojač uspešno poslanih podataka se ne uvećava. Sledeća nit koja se kreira nakon 15 sekundi će ponovo pokušati da pošalje podatke. Ukoliko je u međuvremenu, internet konekcija obnovljena, data nit će poslati podatke na server i nakon toga se završiti. Kreiranje niti će se nastaviti sve dok iz korisničkog interfejsa ne zaustavimo aplikaciju. Na korisničkom interfejsu kao indikator slanja imamo brojač koji nam govori koliko su puta uspešno poslani podaci. Pregledajući izveštaje o utakmicama svoje ekipe kao i o utakmicama suparničke ekipe pred utakmicu, trenerima je omogućeno da postavje odgovarajuću taktiku uzimajući u obzir vrline i mane svoje kao i suparničke ekipe [11,12]. U toku utakmice pregledanjem dostupnih izveštaja treneri analiziraju timove i igrače i uviđanjem grešaka momentalno skreću pažnju svojim igračima na ideju o taktici za dalji tok utakmice. U ekipnim sportovima postoji veliki broj metoda i načina priprema sportista za takmičenje. Postoji fizička, tehnička, taktička, psihološka i integralna vrsta pripreme. Svaka od njih nosi fundamentalnu važnost u samom formiranju sportiste i ekipe i dovodi do uspešnog izvođenja na takmičenju i dobrog rezultata. Danas se dobar i kvalitetan skauting ne može zamisliti bez upotrebe savremenih informacionih tehnologija. Zahvaljujući njima trener, pomoćni trener, sam igrač, novinar, publika, menadžeri i ostali mogu da dobiju na brz način koliko je ko dao poena na različite tipove odbrane, kao i koliko je koja ekipa primila poena iz drugog napada ili kontranapada, itd... U današnjem svetu informatike koristi se data mining. Data mining u sportu doživljava nagli rast poslednjih godina. Alati i tehnike koje se razvijaju imaju za cilj da što bolje izmere performanse kako igrača kao pojedinca, tako i celog tima.

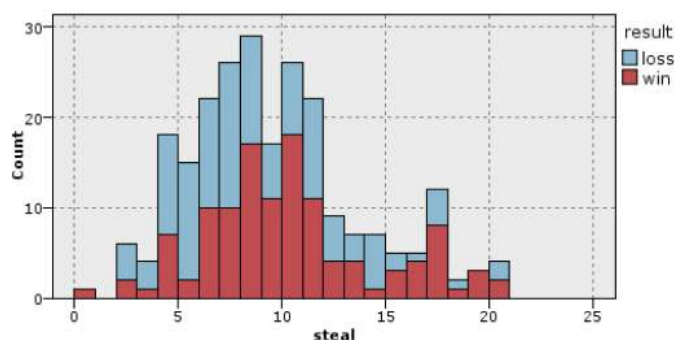


Slika 1: Ukupan broj asistencija / Total number of assists

Ove nove metode merenja performansi privlače pažnju najvećih sportskih udruženja, jer se u sportu danas nalazi velika količina novca. Pre prednosti koje je doneo data mining, sportske organizacije su se gotovo isključivo oslanjale na stručnost i upućenost ljudi koji su bili zaduženi za skauting. Kako je rasla količina prikupljenih podataka, sportske organizacije su se okrenule pronalaženju praktičnijih metoda kako bi dobile znanje iz podataka. Ovo je u početku vodilo ka angažovanju statističara koji bi za datu organizaciju omogućavali bolja merenja performansi i donošenje ispravnijih odluka. Drugi korak je bio da se pronađu još praktičnije metode kako bi se izvuklo dragoceno znanje odnosno da se krene sa upotrebom tehnika data mininga. Pravilno primenjene tehnike data mining-a mogu rezultovati boljim performansama celog tima tako što će pripremiti igrače na određene situacije, identifikovati individualni doprinos pojedinih igrača, proceniti igru protivničkog tima i istražiti bilo kakve slabosti.

Na slici 1 i 2 dat je samo ukupan prikaz asistencija u sezoni 2010/2011 kao i grafik ukradenenih lopti IB lige u sezoni 2010-2011.

Naravno ovom metodom se mogu dobiti i ostali statistički parametri, kao i njihova analiza. Data mining je primenjena na utakmica IB lige. Naravno da se može izvršiti komparativna analiza sa prethodnim sezonama, kao i prikaz svih statističkih parametara po ekipama i po igračima. U zavisnosti od količine i bogatstva raspoloživih podataka moguće je izvući i odgovarajuće znanje. Košarka predstavlja kompleksnu igru između dva tima čiji je cilj da se postigne veći broj poena i samim time dođe do pobede. Tokom same igre dešava se veliki broj događaja koje je jako teško, ako ne i nemoguće sve zabeležiti. Od presudnog značaja je odrediti koje podatke treba uskladištiti i način kako da se oni maksimalno iskoriste. Pronalaženjem pravog načina da se izvuče smisao iz podataka i da se oni pretvore u praktično znanje, sportske organizacije obezbeđuje sebi prednost u odnosu na druge timove. Ovaj pristup traženja znanja se može primeniti u celoj organizaciji. Od igrača koji mogu da poprave svoju igru koristeći se tehnikama video analize, do skauta koji koriste statističku analizu i tehnike projekcije kako bi identifikovali koji će talenat ostvariti najveći napredak i postati veliki igrač.



Slika 2. Ukupan broj ukradenih lopti/
Total number of steals

reason for introducing several threads is the need to perform several tasks within one single process. Simultaneous performance in its real sense occurs only in computers with multiple processors (core2duo, core2quad...), where single CPU is executing certain thread, while the other executes some other. On exercising a larger number of threads, a processor shifts from one thread to another, i.e. executes a part of the code from the first thread primarily, and then a part of the code from the other thread and again from the first and so on. This way, we simulate a simultaneous execution of multiple threads.

The application for sending statistics consists of two threads. The first thread is the main program thread that runs the application and remains active as long as the application is. The second thread is used for sending data to server. Data thread is formed after every 15 seconds, it sends data to server and automatically kills itself. The application is splitted into two threads, in order to provide interaction with the program even in the moment of data sending. Otherwise, for example, the command sent for cessation of further data sending the program wouldn't accept until finishing data sending. When it comes to two threads, it immediately registers our command and quits further creation of threads. If some thread is already created, it will be fully executed and data will be sent. To send data to server, an internet connection is necessary. In case of an internet connection loss, the program is unable to send data but this phenomenon is treated as an exception. The exception is captured and processed but program execution isn't interrupted. The thread that didn't succeed to send data is ended and the counter of successfully sent messages doesn't increase. The next thread created after 15 seconds will try to send data. If, in the meantime, the internet connection is restored, data thread will send data to server and end up afterwards. Thread creation will continue until we stop the application from the user interface. In the user interface, as an indicator of sending there's a counter which is telling us how many times the data were successfully sent. Through reviewing reports of his team's games, as well as the games of their opponent before the game, coaches are in position to set appropriate tactics, taking into account virtues and flaws of his and opponent's team 11, 12. During the game, by viewing available reports, coaches analyze teams and players and, becoming aware of mistakes, immediately pay attention of his players to the idea of tactics

for the following course of the game. In team sports there is a large number of methods and ways of preparing sportsmen for competitions. There is physical, technical, tactical, psychological and integral kind of preparations. Each of these carries fundamental importance in forming a sportsman and a team and leads to successful performance in competitions and a good result. Nowadays, good and qualitative scouting can't be imagined without using modern informational technologies. Thanks to them a coach, assistant coach, player, journalist, audience, managers and others can quickly get the information of how many points a player scored in various types of defense, as well as deficiency score of a team from secondary attack or turnover etc. Today, in the world of informatics, data mining is used. Data mining in sport experiences rapid growth in recent years. Tools and techniques being developed aim to measure performances of a player as an individual, as well as an entire team. These new methods of performance measuring attract attention of major sport associations since a large amount of money is in sport today. Before the benefits that data mining has brought, sport organizations were almost exclusively relying on expertise and familiarity of the people in charge of scouting. As the amount of collected data grew, sport organizations turned to finding more practical methods for getting knowledge from data. At first, this used to lead to engaging statisticians that would provide that organization with better performance measuring and bringing more accurate decisions. The second step was to find more practical methods, in order to extract priceless knowledge or to start using data mining techniques. Properly applied data mining techniques can result in better performances of entire team, through preparing players for certain situations, identifying individual contribution of some players, estimating the opponent's play and investigating any kind of frailty.

In picture 1 and 2 only total number of assists in the season 2010/2011 is shown, as well as the graphic of steals in IB league in the season 2010/2011..

Of course, using this method, other statistical parameters as well as their analysis can be obtained. Data mining is applied in games in IB league. It is certain that comparative analysis with previous seasons can be executed, as well as display of all statistical parameters for each player and team. Depending on the amount and wealth of availability data it is possible to get certain knowledge. Basketball is a complex game between two teams whose aim is to score larger number of points and get to victory. During the play, there's a large number of events taking place which is quite hard and even impossible to record completely. It's crucial to determine what data should be stored and the way of using it maximally. By finding the right way to extract meaning from the data and turning them into practical knowledge, sport organizations provides itself with advantage in comparison with other teams. This approach of searching the knowledge can be applied in entire organization, from the players that can improve their play through video analysis usage, up to scouts who use statistical analysis and projecting techniques for identifying what talent will achieve the biggest progress and become great player.

Finalni turnir u Vršcu

KK Hemofarm – najbolji

retko koji klub sa ovih prostora je posvetio toliko pažnje radu sa mladim selekcijama kao što je to uradio Hemofarm STADA. Rezultat takvog rada odavno je vidljiv, jer se nijedna državna selekcija ne može zamisliti bez članova vršačkog kluba. Samo ovogodišnji juniorski tim, koju predvodi trener Žarko Vučurović, ima čak sedmoricu reprezentativaca.

Takva selekcija, koju je stručni štab pažljivo birao, u aprilu je bez mnogo muke osvojila titulu prvaka Srbije, pobedivši u finalu završnog turnira ROSA Juniorske lige Srbije, u Vršcu, ekipu Crvene zvezde (87:73). Time ne samo da su potvrdili izvanredne igre u ligaškom delu takmičenja, gde su osvojili prvo mesto na tabeli, sa samo jednim porazom, već da u toj konkurenciji nemaju premca.

– Prošle godine smo bili na korak do osvajanja titule, kada smo juniorsku ligu završili na prvom mestu, a na finalnom turniru izgubili u borbi za zlatnu medalju – priseća se Vučurović. – Ovogodišnji uspeh nije slučajna, jer je to plod napornog rada i dobre selekcije igrača. Naravno, velike zasluge za to pripadaju klubu, koji je u radu sa mladim selekcijama video neki svoj interes i stvorio idealne uslove za rad. Za razliku od prethodne godine, ovoga puta smo neke stvari korigovali, pa je naša velika prednost u odnosu na ostale rivale bila to što smo imali više kvalitetnih igrača u rotaciji.

Zahvaljujući trenerskom imenu Žarka Vučurovića i uslovima koje Hemofarm nudi, u Vršac su došli neki od najperspektivnijih klinaca srpske košarke. Nekoliko igrača iz juniorskog sastava „farmaceuta“ će iduće sezone naći svoje mesto i u seniorskoj ekipi. Talentovani Luka Mitrović (18) je već imao vatreno krštenje u dresu prvog tima Hemofarma, sa kojim je čak igrao i u Evrokupu. On će uskoro potpisati prvi profesionalni ugovor sa Hemofarmom, dok su zlatni juniori Nemanja Dangubić i Nemanja Krstić to već učinili.

– Svakom treneru pričinjava veliko zadovoljstvo kada njegovi igrači iz mlađih selekcija stižu do seniorske ekipe. Treba, ipak, biti svestan toga da su ovi momci tek na početku karijere, ozbiljne košarke i da im tek predstoji pravi rad i velika iskušenja. Nesporno je da među njima ima dosta talentovanih igrača, ali takmičiti se u seniorskoj košarci zahteva mnogo više rada nego takmičiti se sa vršnjacima. Ukoliko budu igrali u seniorskom timu, ovim momcima će biti potrebni i neki iskusniji igrači, koji će im omogućiti da se brže i lakše uklope, igrači od kojih će oni imati šta da nauče – ističe Vučurović.

Po opštoj oceni, osnivanje ROSA Juniorske lige Srbije je bio pun pogodak, a sve je više zagovornika da se takvo takmičenje organizuje i za kadete.

– Ideja da se napravi kadetska liga je izvanredna, ukoliko za to postoje uslovi. Uostalom, juniorska liga je za kratko vreme pokazala dobre rezultate i verujem da bi tako bilo i u kadetskoj konkurenciji. Hemofarm se donekle opekao u ranijem načinu takmičenja, jer za razliku od beogradskih klubova, gde je konkurencija dosta jaka, u Vršcu nisu mogli da stvore pravi uvid u kvalitet svojih selekcija kroz regionalna takmičenja. To pitanje je bilo prisutno i u ostalim regionima. Kvalitet bi se jedinstvenom ligom skoncentrisao na jednom mestu, timovi bi imali više kvalitetnih utakmica i takmičili bi se sa njima ravnima – ocenjuje trener juniora Hemofarma.

Iako u svojoj bogatoj igračkoj karijeri nikada nije bio junior (od prvih košarkaških dana je igrao beton ligu, za prvi tim Poljostroja iz Odžaka) život je izrežirao da Vučurović po završetku igračke karijere radi upravo sa mladim selekcijama. I to, potvrdilo se, radi sa velikim uspehom.

– Smatram da ovaj posao radim veoma dobro i nemam ambicije da ga menjam. Ne vidim sebe u seniorskoj košarci, iako sam neko vreme u svojoj karijeri i to radio. Rad sa decom me u potpunosti ispunjava, postigao sam izuzetno visok nivo dobre komunikacije sa njima i jako sam zadovoljan u Hemofarmu. Takođe, ponosan sam što imam priliku da treniram tako talentovane momke – završava ovaj razgovor za časopis „Trener“ Žarko Vučurović.

J. Jovanović



Final Tournament in Vrsac

Hemofarm BC – the best

a few clubs in this region has paid that much attention to work with young categories as Hemofarm STADA has done so. The result of such work has been visible for a long time since none of the national selections is without members of the club from Vrsac. This year junior team only, led by Zarko Vucurovic, has eight members of national team.

This, by the coaching staff carefully selected selection, easily won the title of the champion of Serbia, by winning against Red Star in Vrsac (87:73), in the ROSA Junior league final tournament. That way, they didn't only confirm outstanding plays in the league part of the competition by reaching the first place with only one lost game, but that they're unrivaled in this competition as well.

– Last year, we were one step away from winning the title since we took the first place in junior league and lost the gold medal match in the final tournament – Vucurovic recalls. The success of this year is not accidental since it's the fruit of hard work and good selection of players. Certainly, great credits belong to the club that spotted certain interest in working with young selections and made ideal conditions for the work. Unlike the last year, we've corrected some things this time and our great advantage over other rivals was in the fact that we had more qualitative players in our rotation.

Thanks to the Zarko Vucurovic's name in the basketball and the conditions offered by Hemofarm, some of the most promising kids in Serbian basketball came to Vrsac. Several players from the „pharmacists” junior squad will find their place in the senior team next year. Luka Mitrovic (18) have already had the baptism of fire in the Hemofarm's first team where he played in Eurocup as well. He'll definitely sign a new professional contract with Hemofarm, while golden juniors, Nemanja Dangubic and Nemanja Krstic have already done it.

Every coach finds pleasing to have his players from junior selections be the part of senior teams. However, should be aware that these guys are at the start of their careers, serious basketball and real work and great temptations that are yet to come. It is undisputed that there are many talented players among them but, competing in senior basketball requires a lot more work than in competing with their peers. If they play in senior team, these guys will need a few more experienced players that will provide them with conditions to fit in faster and easier, the players from whom they will have much to learn – Vucurovic claims.

According to the general opinion, establishing ROSA Junior League of Serbia was a big hit, there are more and more people supporting of organizing such an event for cadets as well.

– The idea to create Cadet League is excellent, if conditions allow that. After all, for a short time the junior league has shown good results and I believe that in the cadet category it would be the same.

Hemofarm partially paid for its school in the previous mode of competition since, unlike the Belgrade clubs where the concurrence is quite strong, in Vrsac they couldn't get a real insight into the quality of its selections through regional competitions. This issue was also present in other regions. Through an integral league, the quality would have been concentrated in one place, the teams would have more quality games and compete with their matchups -the coach of Hemofarm juniors estimates.

Although in his rich career as a player he never used to be a junior (since his first days in basketball he played a ground league, in the first team of Poljostroj Odzaci), life made it up to set him working with junior selections, after the end of the career as a player. And, it proved to be done with great success.

– I think I do this job very well and I have no ambitions to change it. I can't imagine myself in the senior basketball, though I used to be in it in a certain moment of my career. Working with children pleases me completely, I've achieved a quite high level of communication with them and in Hemofarm, I'm pretty much satisfied. Also, I am proud to have the opportunity to train so talented guys – Zarko Vucurovic ends up this interview for the „Trener” magazine.



Treneri reprezentativnih selekcija

Stručnost za bolje sutra naše košarke

Posle neizvesnosti i određenih nedoumica koje su vladale povodom izbora trenera koji treba da vode naše reprezentativne selekcije, posle razgovora sa većom grupom stručnjaka, odbijanja nekih od njih, pažljivog odmeravanja šta je i ko je najbolje rešenje za budućnost naše košarke, potpredsednik KSS za mušku košarku, legendarni Dejan Bodiroga, saopštio je na konferenciji za štampu u Kući košarke imena izabranih trenera:

Reprezentaciju do 20 godina, koju očekuje Evropsko prvenstvo u Bilbau od 14. do 24. jula, gde smo u grupi A sa selekcijama Crne Gore, Rusije i Slovenije, predvodiće Aleksandar Džikić, trener slovenačke Krke, osvajača Evročelendž Kupa i učesnika final-fouru Jadranske lige.

Reprezentaciju do 19 godina, koja će učestvovati na Svetskom prvenstvu u Letoniji od 30. juna do 10. jula i gde smo u grupi D sa Kinom, Egiptom i SAD, predvodiće Dejan Mijatović, prošle sezone pomoćni trener nemačke Albe.

Reprezentaciju do 18 godina koju od 21. do 31. jula u Poljskoj čeka Evropsko prvenstvo u grupi B sa Finskom, Nemačkom i Turskom, predvodiće Marko Ičelić, prošle



Dejan Mijatović



Aleksandar Džikić

sezone pomoćnik Boška Đokića u mladoj reprezentaciji do 20 god.

Saša Nikitović, trener Crvene zvezde, predvodiće reprezentaciju do 16 godina na Evropskom prvenstvu koje će se od 28. jula do 7. avgusta održati u Češkoj gde u grupi B igramo sa Rusijom, Crnom Gorom i Nemačkom.

Univerzitetsku selekciju koja igra na Univerzijadi od 11. do 23. avgusta u Kini u grupi B sa Turskom, Kanadom, Australijom, Južnoafričkom Republikom i Hong Kongom, predvodiće Luka Pavićević, poslednje četiri godine trener berlinske Albe.

Vanja Guša, trener iz pogona FMP-a, predvodiće selekciju koja će se takmičiti na Olimpijadi mladih (EYOF) od 23. do 30. jula u Turskoj, sa selekcijama Hrvatske, Litvanije, Turske, Španije, Francuske, Rusije i Crne Gore.

Svim izabranim trenerima, redakcija košarkaškog magazina „Trener“ želi puno sreće u njihovom radu i da nastave zlatni niz osvajanja trofeja na najvećim košarkaškim takmičenjima širom Evrope i sveta.

Coaches of national selections

Expertise for a better future of our basketball

after some uncertainties and inconsistencies that were present in electing the coaches who should lead our national teams, after talks with a larger group of experts, refusals from some of them and careful assessment of what's and who is the best solution for the future of our basketball, SBA vice president in category of men, the legendary Dejan Bodiroga, at the press conference in the Home of basketball announced the names of the coaches elected:

The national U20 team, that is about to participate in European Championship in Bilbao on July 14-24, in the group A with Montenegro, Russia and Slovenia will be



Vanja Guša

led by Aleksandar Dzikic, coach of Krka BC from Slovenia, winner of Eurochallenge Cup and participant of Adriatic League Final - Four.

The national U19 team which is going to participate in World Championship in Latvia from June 30 to July 10 where we are in group D with China, Egypt and USA will be led by Dejan Mijatovic coach of Alba Berlin in the last season.

The national U18 team which is going to participate in European Championship in Poland on July 21-31 in group B with Finland, Germany and Turkey will be led by

Marko Icelic, assistant coach to Bosko Djokic in U20 national team last season.

Sasa Nikitovic, coach of Crvena Zvezda will lead U16 national team in European Championship that takes place in Czech Republic from July 28 to August 7 where in group B we play against Russia, Montenegro and Germany.

The National University selection that will play in Universiade in China on August 11-23 in group B with Turkey, Canada, Australia, The Republic of South Africa and Hong Kong will lead Luka Pavicevic, coach of Alba Berlin in last four years.

Vanja Gusa, coach from FMP will lead the selection that is going to compete in European Youth Olympic Festival (EYOF) on July 23-30 in Turkey, with national teams of Croatia, Lithuania, Turkey, Spain, France, Russia and Montenegro.

To all the coaches elected, editorial office of "Trener" basketball magazine wishes luck in their work and to continue the golden row of winning trophies in biggest basketball events throughout Europe and the world.

B. Manojlovic



Saša Nikitović



Moje viđenje – Boško Đokić

Novi talas igrača



košarkaška Superliga Srbije je za nama, posle više sezona maksimalno neizvesna jer je poslednje plasirani tim, Mega Vizura, imao tri lepe pobede (FMP, Metalac i Radnički), šta je koliko lane bilo nezamislivo. Slažem se da je taj kvalitet spušten "ka dole", odnosno da su se, pre svega, Partizan, Hemofarm, Radnički i Crvena zvezda približili timovima koji nisu igrali u regionu, ali je pozitivno to što je nadošao talas mladih igrača, koji će vrlo brzo popuniti sve reprezentativne selekcije. Prema očekivanju, prva tri mesta zauzeli su Partizan, Hemofarm i Radnički, dok su se FMP i Crvena zvezda samo zarotirali: crveno-belima ostaje godinu dana domaće lige za razmišljanje i konsolidaciju na svim nivoima... Beograd je i dalje dominantan kao epicentar srpskog basketa, sa čime lično nisam oduševljen, ali su se, pored vršaćkog Hemofarma koji stabilno figurira više od decenije, na košarkaškoj mapi stabilizovali Kragujevac i Valjevo, što raduje...

Što se trenera tiče, pored "starsedelaca" (Miroslav Nikolić, Željko Lukajić, Milovan Stepandić, Aco Petrović) i mladog, ali trofejnog Vlade Vukočića, znatno su svoj rejting podigli Vlade Jovanović, Marko Ičelić i Aleksandar Nikitović. Ne mogu da kažem da se, taktičko-tehnički, igralo nešto novo, što u evropskom basketu nije već viđeno, ali postoje neke linije zapažanja: najmanje poena primila su dva prvoplasirana sastava, Partizan i Hemofarm, što je dokaz da, iako ima velikog pomaka u brzini napada, pre svega u većem broju poseda lopte, defanziva je ta koja nivelise plasman. Recimo, tim Crvene zvezde je najefikasniji, ali i prima ubedljivo najviše poena, što mu je sve zajedno donelo peto mesto. Primarne odbrane su, očekivano "čovjek na čoveka", sa varijacijama kad je u pitanju stepen agresivnosti i deo terena na kome se to radi. Najveće razlike su bile u načinu odbrane od pik-en-rola, udvajanju centara, odbrani od izlaznih blokada za šutere, odnosno stepenu preuzimanja i načinu rotacije... Svi timovi su kao alternativne odbrane birali razne vrste zona, u "izvornom obliku", ili uz kombinovane i višestruke (Mega, Radnički...)... Primetno je (golim okom i statistički) da se u napadu igralo brže, jer je malo timova koji nemaju više od 60 pokušaja šuta iz

igre, dok se prošle sezone nijedan učesnik Superlige nije približio toj brojci. Pored želje trenera da se igra više kontranapada, mladosti igrača uz koju ide trčanje, ali i nešto slabijih odbrana, ubrzanju igre najviše je doprinelo "pravilo 14 sekundi". Zanimljivo je da se pomeranje linije za tri poena (50 santimetara) nije osetilo ni u broju pokušaja, ali ni – što je mnogo važnije – u preciznosti: procenat se kreće oko 35, samo izuzetni šuteri prelaze 40 odsto...

Od igrača bih istakao nekoliko mlađih koji se ozbiljno nameću trenerima seniorskih selekcija (Ivkoviću, Pavićeviću i Džikiću). Marko Čakarević (Radnički) za mene je, bez dileme, najbolji u Superligi. Radi se o momku koji pokriva pozicije tri i četiri, koji podjednako kvalitetno igra u oba smera, sa smislom za saradnju i asistenciju, odličnim šutom, mogućnošću da u defanzivi čuva sve, osim pozicije pet, fizički dominantnom... Pogled na statistiku sve ovo potvrđuje, još slobodna bacanja mora da podigne iznad 70 odsto... Na poziciji četiri takođe se oseća potreba za svežim snagama, a nalazim da je Savo Lešić (Crvena zvezda) momak na koga treba obratiti pažnju. Može da igra na obe centarske pozicije, daleko je najbolji skakač u napadu (inače mu je skok najjača strana), prošao dobru školu u mlađim kategorijama, snažan, sposoban za tandem igru centara, treba da radi na šutu za tri poena... Uvek su potrebni plejmejkeri, zato neće biti na odmet pomenuti Marka Ljubičića (Metalac), najkorisnijeg igrača doigravanja. Neobično, ali pozitivno je da je on najbolji odbrambeni skakač, a radi se o izvanrednom asistentu, momku koji razume igru, može kvalitetno da odgovori i odbrambenim zadacima... Slabija strana svakako je šut sa distance. Nemanja Nedović (Crvena zvezda) polako sazreva, s obzirom da se radi o momku izraženih individualnih sposobnosti: jak na lopti i u jedan na jedan, odličan u šutu, neobično skočan za svoju visinu. Ne znam da li odbrambene zadatke uvek ispunjava u potpunosti i čini se da protok lopte mora da bude brži, ali – radi se o dvadesetogodišnjaku! Svakako, iako nisu uvek igrali na najvišem nivou, treba iskontrolisati još tri spoljna igrača: Andriju Milutinovića (FMP), kao i Jeremića (Hemofarm) i Milosavljevića (Partizan), koji su već bili kod selektora Ivkovića...

My view – Bosko Djokic

A new wave of players

Serbian Basketball Superleague is behind us, utterly uncertain after a few seasons, since the last team on the chart, Mega Vizura, had three nice victories (against FMP, Metalac and Radnicki), the situation hardly imaginable up to the last year. I agree that the quality is "downgraded" i.e. Partizan, Radnicki and Crvena Zvezda above all, came closer to the teams that didn't play in region but, it's a positive fact that a new wave of young players rose, the wave that will fill up all national selections very soon. As it was expected, the first three places were taken by Partizan, Hemofarm and Radnicki, while FMP and Crvena Zvezda changed their places: the red-white remains with one year in domestic league to use it for thinking and consolidation at all levels...Belgrade is still dominant as the epicenter of Serbian basketball, which doesn't make me delighted but, beside Hemofarm Vrsac which has been steadily fluctuating for more than a decade, Kragujevac and Valjevo stabilized themselves in the basketball map and it seems quite joyful.

Speaking of the coaches, beside the „natives“ (Miroslav Nikolic, Zeljko Lukajic, Milovan Stepanovic, Aco Petrovic) and young but having many trophies, Vlada Vukoicic, Vlade Jovanovic, Marko Icelic and Aleksandar Nikitovic have significantly raised their ratings. I can't say that there were new things in the technical – tactical aspect, the things not seen in European basketball but there are certain lines of observation: the two teams at the top of the chart, Partizan and Hemofarm, had the least deficiency score, which proves that, although there's a big move in the speed of offense, primarily in a greater number of ball possessions since defense is the thing that levels the final placement. For instance, the team of Crvena Zvezda (Red Star) is the most efficient one but it has the poorest deficiency score and all in all it brought the fifth place. As might be expected, primary defenses are "man-to-man", with variations when it comes to the degree of aggressiveness and part of the field where it is exercised. The greatest differences were in the way of defense against pick-and-roll, big men double teaming, defense against running-out screens for shooters i.e. the degree of shifting and the way of rotation. As its alternative defenses, all the teams chose various kinds of zone play, in its "original form" or combined and multiple (Mega Vizura, Radnicki...)...It's noticeable (with a naked eye or statistically) that a play

in offence was faster, since there were several teams that didn't have more than 60 field goal attempts while last year none of the participants came closer to that number. Beside the coach's wish to play more fast breaks, the youth of players with which running goes along but a bit weaker defenses as well, the speeding up of play was mostly contributed by the rule of "14 seconds". It sounds interesting that moving the three point line (for 50 centimeters) didn't affect the number of attempts but also – which is more important – accuracy: the percentage is about 35, only extraordinary shooters exceed 40 percents.

From players, I would like to highlight several younger who seriously impose themselves to the coaches of senior teams (to Ivkovic, Pavicevic, Dzikic): Marko Cakarevic (Radnicki) is, in my opinion, the best individual in Superleague. This is the guy that covers positions 3 and 4, who plays in both directions in equally qualitative way, with the sense for cooperation and assistance, excellent shooting, possibility to cover anybody in defense except the position 5, the physically dominant one. An insight into statistics confirms all this, only free throws must be raised to 70 percents....In the position 4 there's a need for fresh players and I find that Savo Lesic (Crvena Zvezda) is the guy that deserves to pay attention to. He can play both central positions; he is by far the best offensive rebounder (anyway, rebounding is his peak ability), has gone through good school in younger categories, strong, capable of two-man play in central position; must work on the three point shot....There's a constant need for playmakers so it will not be useless to mention Marko Ljubicic (Metalac), MVP of the playoff. Unusual but it's positive that he is the best defensive rebounder and it's about excellent passer, the guy who understands the play, can come up to defensive tasks in a qualitative way...Weaker side is the distance shot. Nemanja Nedovic (Crvena Zvezda) slowly matures, since it is about the guy with discerned individual abilities: strong with a ball and in one-on-one play, excellent shot, for its height unusually good in rebounding. I'm not sure does he always fulfill defensive tasks completely and it seems that flow of the ball must be quicker but – it is about a 20-year old guy! Certainly, though they didn't play at the highest level, three outside players must be also checked: Andrija Milutinovic (FMP) as well as Jeremic (Hemofarm) and Milosavljevic (Partizan), who have already been at head coach Ivkovic's.

Trener br. 17

Evropo, treniraj...

da li je „Trener” među poslednjim Mohikancima, kada je u pitanju aktivnost našeg udruženja?

Ovo pitanje se nameće posle prelistavanja broja 17 koji je izašao 17. januara 2002. Godine u kome smo posvetili dužnu pažnju Trenerskim danima održanim u Novom Sadu od 14. do 16. septembra 2001. Ali, vratićemo se toj temi, podimo redom.

Oprostili smo se zauvek od istinske košarkaške legende Nebojše Popovića. Bio je to tučan dan za našu košarku. Otišao je kao što je i živio. Skromno, ali dostojanstveno, ispraćen od porodice, prijatelja i poštovalaca. Otišao je na onaj svet da sa Rašom i Profom pravi neku nebesku košarku. (st. 3.)

Vratimo se sa setom i pomenutim Trenerskim danima. Na trodnevnom, izuzetno uspešno organizovanom stručnom seminaru, 532 trenera mlađih kategorija „usput” su overili licencu za narednu sezonu. Naravno, broj učesnika je bio veći. O Bože kako, posle ovog podsećanja, tužno zvuči izveštaj sa istog takvog skupa održanog 30. maja u Vršcu. Novosadski SPENS je tri dana bio pun. (St. 7.)

Kada je Svetislav Pešić sa svojim izabranicima 2001. Osvojio Evropsko prvenstvo, tada smo s ponosom govorili: Evropo treniraj - prvenstvo je svake druge godine. „Trener” je zabeležio:

-Ovim poslednjim rezultatom Pešić se definitivno vnuo u najveće zvezde trenerske struke u našoj košarki. UKTJ, sasvim prirodno, prvo je reagovalo. Pešić je proglašen trenerom godine YU košarke. Kao i svi članovi A selekcije iz ruku predsednika SR Jugoslavije dr Vojislava Koštunice, primio je visoko državno odlikovanje: Orden Nemanje prvog reda.

Međutim, po sopstvenom priznanju, za našeg selektora najdraže priznanje je Nagrada za životno delo - Slo-

bočan Piva Ivković, koje mu je 19. novembra, u ime UKTJ uručio predsednik Dušan Duda Ivković. (St. 11-13.)



Uvek atraktivna rubrika „Iz novinarskog ugla” u ovom broju bila je poverena Bojanu Milovanoviću, tada novinaru BK TV. On je svoj osvrt na profesiju trener posvetio Dušanu Ivkoviću. Bio je to vrh ove, nekada stalne rubrike. Svoja zapažanja i analizu iz svog novinarskog ugla kolega Milovanović je uradio na maestralan način. To je tekst kakav ni pre ni do danas, po našem skromnom sudu, a bilo ih je bezbroj, još niko nije na bolji način napravio o legendarnom Dudi, bez obzira što on, kakav je već, prosto nudi obilje ideja i materijala. (St. 32-33.)

Podsećanje na br. 17, koji je obilovao i stručnim temama, zaključimo jednom novinom koju smo započeli i nudili u nekoliko nastavaka. Tema: 101 savet za trenere, kako da poboljšate igru svoga tima (Preuzeto iz Udruženja košarkaških trenera SAD) Potražite i pročitajte. (St. 36-37.)

M. P. Polovina

Trener No. 17

Train Europe...

is „Trener” among the last Mohicans, when it comes to activity of our association? This question arises after scrolling through number 17 that was published on January 17, 2002. in which we paid attention to Coaching days held in Novi Sad on September 14-16, 2001. We'll hit the subject again but let's go gradually.

We parted forever from the true basketball legend, Nebojsa Popovic. It was a sad day for our basketball. – He left the way he lived. Modestly but in dignity, escorted by his family, friends and admirers. He joined Rasa and Profa in making some heavenly basketball (page 3.)

Let's sadly get back to the aforementioned Coaching

first reacted. Pesic was declared the coach of the year of Yugoslav basketball. As well as all the members of A team, from the hands of the president of Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, PhD Vojislav Kostunica, he received a high national medal: Nemanja's Medal of first order.



days. Over three days, in very successfully organized coaching seminar, 532 coaches of younger categories „by the way” certified their licenses for the next season. Certainly, the number of participants was higher. It sounds so sad, after this reminder, the report from the same gathering that took place in Vrsac on May 30. Spens hall was full for three days (page 7).

When Svetislav Pesic with his players won the European Championship in 2001, we used to speak proudly: Train Europe – championship takes place each two years. „Trener” noted: – With the latest results, Pesic has definitely raised himself among the biggest stars of coaching profession in our basketball. Naturally, AYBC

However, according to his own admission, to our head coach the most important award is the Lifetime Achievement Award – Slobodan Piva Ivkovic that Dusan Duda Ivkovic handed him on November 19, in the name of AYBC (pages 11-13).

An always interesting column „from the journalist's corner” in this edition was given to Bojan Milovanovic, once BK TV journalist. His review on coaching profession he dedicated to Dusan Ivkovic. It was the pinnacle of this, once regular column. His observations and analysis from the journalist's corner, Milovanovic did masterly. It's the text which, in our humble opinion, nobody has managed to make in a better way about legendary Duda, no matter the fact that he offers abundance of ideas and material, though there was a vast number of them (pages 32-33).

Let's conclude he reminder of the no. 17, which abounded in expert issues, with a novelty we made and offered in several later publications. Subject: 101 advices for coaches on how to improve the play of your team (taken from the Association of USA coaches). Look up for it and read it. (Pages 36-37)

Vršac: Trenerski dani 2011

Obuka igrača za igranje kontranapada

ranijih godina na seminarima smo često sukobljavali mišljenja koja su se razlikovala od trenera do trenera i te rasprave su bile veoma temperamentne. Niko nije protiv toga da se igra zona u pionirima i kadetima već tu nastaje problem kako te igrače naučiti da je napadaju. Tu je jedino rešenje naučiti igrača da igra 1 na 1 i protiv zone gde su rotacije i pomeranja malo drugači-



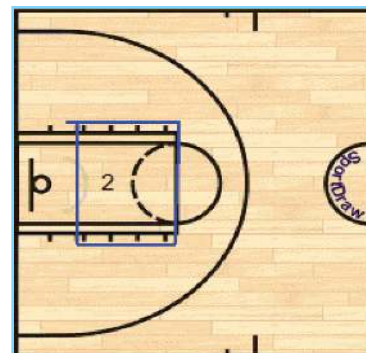
DIJAGRAM 1

je. Treba ga takođe naučiti da prepozna zonu i da napada prazan prostor bez lopte a da pritom ne remeti raspored ostalih igrača. Od prvog dana posle obuke individualne tehnike morate naučiti pet igrača da drži raspored koji ne sme da se poremeti ako neki igrač 'probije'. Ja sam takođe protiv toga da se u pionirima i kadetima igra pick and roll i to samo iz jednog razloga a to je zato što se igra na pogrešan način. Igranjem pick-a ostali igrači se ne kreću i ulaze u šablon a osnovno pravilo za mladog igrača je da se kreće bez lopte i pravi prednost. Igranje pick-a treba da bude dinamično, da ostali igrači čitaju prazan prostor koji mogu da napadaju. Igrači juniora su veoma blizu seniorske košarke i njihova igra mora da bude što približnija tom nivou. Veliki izazov i zadatak za trenere mlađih kategorija je pravljenje igrača za seniorski pogon. Trener mlađih kategorija mora da tera 'žglad' za informacijom u kom pravcu će se razvijati igra da kada njegov igrač dođe u seniorski sastav bude potpuno spremna za igru. Po mom mišljenju košarka će se razvijati u pravcu modela igre koji je imao Čikago Bulls sa trenerom Filom Džeksom gde su bila četiri igrača sa ravnopravnim zadacima i peticom koja je mogla da pogodi sa poludistance a odbrani su bili brzi, pokretni i agresivni.

Kada govorimo o razvoju i obuci kontra napada moramo da imamo vidu fizički aspekt odnosno vežbe kontra napada ne mogu da pretvorim u brzinsku izdržljivost sa aspekta kondicije ali mogu da ih pretvorim u vežbanje brzine. Kada se vežba kontranapad morate da dajete duže pauze odnosno morate da vodite računa kolika je pauza između igračevog ponavljanja vežbe.

Kontra napad je logičan nastavak dobre odbrane. Samo dobra odbrana može da stvori situaciju 2 na 0 i 1 na 0. Ono što smo mi treneri ispustili i što se ne vidi pa čak i u Euroligi je kontranapad sa dugačkim pasom. Svaki dobar kontra napad počinje dugačkim pasom i njega bi trebalo vežbati naravno uz selekciju koji igrač može da baci taj pas a da bude precizan ako čak i ne bude precizan ne treba odustajati i obeshrabrivati igrače. Imajte na umu da je kontranapad najbolje rešenje za sve vrste odbrana. Kod postavljanja kontranapada najbitniji je raspored trčanja i ko ga otvara driblingom a ko pasom. Ja sam za to da se prvi pas otvara u ovoj zoni (dijagram 1) ali sve ovo je nemoguće bez skoka.

Često na utakmicama čujem zagradi, zagradi, zagradi. Ja mislim da je to velika greška i to samo iz jednog razloga: igraču se stvara automatizam da gradi a ne da ide na skok. Ono što morate da učite igrače je reakcija na odbijenu loptu a zagrađivanje je pomoćno sredstvo da se sigurnije dođe do lopte. Odnosno onoga trenutka kada igrač može da dođe u posed lopte zagrađivanje prestaje. Tvoja ekipa pokazuje tvoje srce i borbenost tako što hoće u odbrani da se bori za svaku loptu. Tu se vidi da li je trener borben i željan pobe- de ili nije. Ja sam podelio



DIJAGRAM 2



DIJAGRAM 3

Vršac: Coaching days 2011

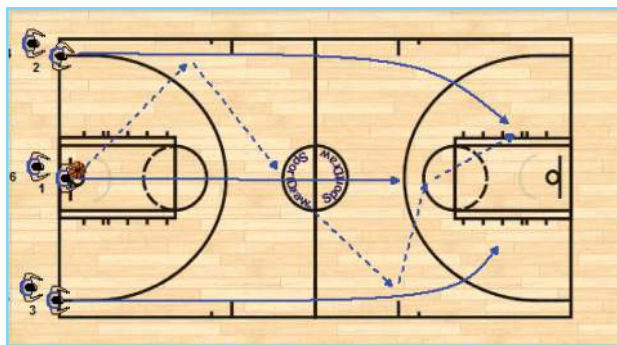
Training players for playing counterattack

in previous years in seminars we often used to have a clash of opinions that differed from coach to coach and these discussions were very temperamental. No one objects playing zone play in the category of pioneers and cadets but there the problem arises of how to teach those players to play offense. The only solution there is to teach a player to play 1-on-1 against zone play where rotations and moving are slightly different. Also, he should learn to recognize zone play and to attack empty space without a ball without having to disturb other players' positioning. From the first day after the training of individual training you must teach five players to keep the positioning that mustn't be disturbed if some player "penetrates". I'm also opposed to having pioneers and cadets play pick-and-roll for only one reason and that is for having it played the wrong way. By playing pick-and-roll, other players don't move and get into the pattern and, the basic rule for a young player is to move without a ball and make advantage. Playing pick-and-roll should be dynamic, to make other players read the empty space they can attack. Junior players are very close to senior basketball and their play must be as close as possible to that level. A big challenge and task for coaches of younger categories is making players for senior selections. Coaches of younger categories must be propelled by "the hunger" for information in what direction the play is going to develop so when his player comes to a senior selection, he can be completely ready. In my opinion, basketball will develop in a direction of the model of play that Chicago Bulls had with its coach Phil Jackson where there were four players with equal tasks and the player five that could score medium shots and were fast, voluble and aggressive in defense.

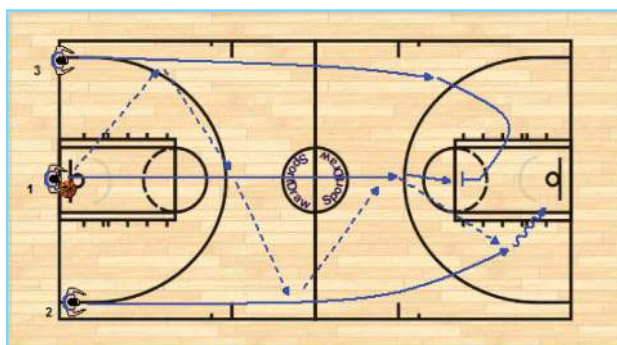
When we talk about development and training the counterattack we have to have on mind the physical aspect i.e. the counterattack exercises I can't transform into a speed-endurance from the aspect of shape but I can turn them into speed practicing. When a counterattack is practiced, you must give longer breaks i.e. must take care of how long the break between the player's repetition of the exercise lasted.

Counterattack is a logical continuation of a good defense. Only the good offense can create the 2-0 and 1-0 situation. The thing we missed to practice and can't be seen even in Euroleague is counterattack with a long pass.

Every good counterattack begins with a long pass and it should be practiced with selecting the player who can make that pass to be precise but even if it isn't there should be no quittance and discouraging of players. Have on mind that counterattack is the best solution for all kinds of defenses. In setting the counterattack the most important is the schedule of running and who opens it by a dribble and by



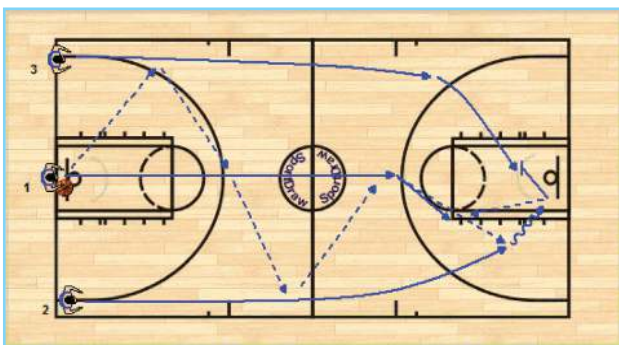
DIJAGRAM 4



DIJAGRAM 5

a pass. I agree to have the first pass opened in this zone (diagram 1) but it all is impossible without a rebound.

In games I hear quite often "box out, box out, box out". I think it's a big mistake for only one reason: automatism opens to a player to box out, not to try to rebound. The thing you must pass to your players is the reaction to the ball rebounded and boxing out is additional tool to get to the ball more safely. In other words, at the moment when a player can get into possession of the ball boxing out stops. Your team shows your heart and fighting spirit by wanting to struggle for every ball in defense. Here you can see is the coach pugnacious and victory wishing or not. I separated several impor-



DIJAGRAM 6

nekoliko bitnih zona kod skoka. Prva je ispod samog koša od bočne do bočne linije u visini prvog skakačkog mesta (dijagram 2) gde od mojih igrača zahtevam da u građenju odguraju napadača iza table (ako su ispod koša) ili ako je u pitanju spoljna pozicija onda moraju da ga zagrade u bočnom stavu, a ako krene na utrčavanje opet ga 'teraju' na čeonu liniju čime dobijaju bolju poziciju za kontranapad a i napadač je u nepovoljnoj poziciji za skok. Druga zona je same linije reketa (dijagram 3). Tu se često dešava da napadač gura odbrambenog igrača ispod koša. Ja od mojih igrača tražim da brzo zameni mesto i on bude taj koji će da gura napadača ka čeonj. Sa spoljne pozicije građenje se vrši bočno i opet tražim reakciju na odbijenu loptu. Kod šuteva van linije 6, 75 lopta se odbija dalje i samim tim ako dođe do skoka bolja je pozicija za kontranapad. Postoje i hendikep situacije u zagrađivanju kada dođe do rotacije i niži odbrambeni mora da gradi višeg napadača. To dolazi do greške kada niži igrač gradi leđima zato što će ga napadač lakše ugurati ispod koša zbog lošeg težišta, u toj situaciji gradi se isključivo bočno odnosno dijagonalno.

U tranziciji postoje dva zadatka. Prvi je da se lopta dovede što pre u zonu kada postaje opasna po koš. Neki model bi trebalo da bude da se u periodu od 4 do 7 sekundi napada šutne na koš i tu je ključna stvar naučiti igrača selekciji završnice odnosno selekciji driblinga, dodavanja i šuta. A drugi zadatak su linije trčanja. Kontranapad mora biti i u širini i u dubini. Imamo primarni kontranapad kada je više napadača u odnosu na odbranu. Imamo sekundarni kontranapad kada je broj napadača jednak odbrambenim igračima ali je došlo do mis mečeva bek čuva centra, centar čuva beka i to trener mora da prepozna i nauči igrača da kažnjavaju. Ranko Žeravica je bio vrhunski stručnjak koji je svoje igrača učio da imaju prednost u polu-kontranapadu, kako je on to tada zvao a mi slobodno možemo da kažemo sekundarni, u igri 1 na 1 kada je napadač u naletu a odbrana ga čeka. Ostali igrači moraju samo da nauče da drže rastojanje u odnosu na saigrača a pogotovu igrača sa loptom i da budu spremni na asistenciju. Imamo i rani napad kada je broj napadača jednak broju odbrambenih igrača. Tu se obično igra pik and rol sistem i traži se brzo rešenje.

Ovu su neke od vežbi koje ja koristim.

Igrači su podeljeni u trojke u tri kolone na čeonj liniji. Dodavanje preko srednjeg igrača gde se srednji igrač kreće cikcak (dijagram 4). U ovoj vežbi insistirati na liniji

trčanja i napadanju koša sa 45 stepeni bez lopte.

Igrači su opet raspoređeni u trojke, dodavanje je preko srednjeg završava krilni igrač gde srednji ide na skok posle dodavanja a drugi krilni igrač koji nije dobio pas ide na građenje srednjeg (dijagram 5). Ovde igrači sada treba da prepoznaju kako da zagrade u odnosu na zone koje sam prethodno spominjao. U povratku 2 na 1, u odbrani je srednji igrač koji je išao na skok u napadu. Sledeća varijanta ove vežbe je da srednji igrač šutira sa poludistance a da se krilni igrači bore za loptu u skoku i to tako da je dodavač skakač odbrane a drugi krilni koji nije dodao loptu skakač napada, u povratku 2 na 1 (dijagram 6).

Ovo je situacija koju postavljam i kroz nju vežbam zagrađivanje i reakciju na odbijenu loptu. Tri igrača su u napadu tri u odbrani i postavljeni su kao na dijagramu 7. Trener je pomoćni dodavač koji prenosi loptu na drugu stranu. Vežba je dirigovana do šuta. O1 dodaje treneru koji prenosi loptu na O2 čiji odbrambeni igrač glumi da je 'ispao' iz odbrane napadač O2 to koristi i prodire ka košu. X4 sa strane pomoći ga zaustavlja dok X2 ne stigne. X1 rotira i spušta se na O4 (Dijagram 8). O2 šutira i dolazi do građenja i borbe za loptu. X2 je slobodan skakač i on ide na skok i reaguje na odbijenu loptu. X2 gura igrača O4 iza table ili na čeonu liniju. Posle skoka igra se 3 na 3 kontranapada na drugi koš.

Sledeća situacija je sa pikom. Igrači su raspoređeni kao na dijagramu 9. O4 dolazi u pik O2 koji posle blokade šutira sa lakat pozicije. X3 ide na građenje O4 i to dijagonalnom tehnikom, X4 postaje slobodan skakač i ide na skok dok X2 ostaje na O2. Posle skoka ili primljenog koša igra se 3 na 3 kontra na drugi koš.

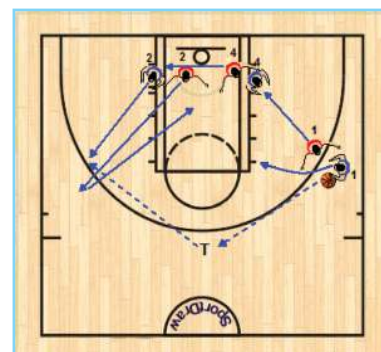
Dva na jedan plus jedan je vežba reakcije (dijagram 10). Napad što pre mora da dođe do koša i da u odnosu na odbranu napravi selekciju završnice. Odbrana mora da uspori napad i smanji hendikep.

Sledeća vežba je takođe vežba reakcije, igrači su raspoređeni kao na dijagramu 11. Trener dodaje jednom od napadača koji po prijemu lopte napadaju koš. Odbrambeni igrač čiji napadač nije primio loptu ima zadatak da pipne čeonu liniju i vrati se nazad drugi odbrambeni sprinta nazad brani dugačak pas i 'puni' reket.

Poslednja vežba je 'supermen'. Igrači su u rasporedu kao na dijagramu 12. Igrači nabacuju loptu na tablu i skaku zadnji koji doda loptu na tablu igra odbranu preostala dva igrača su napadači i igra se 2 na 1 na drugi koš.



DIJAGRAM 9



DIJAGRAM 7, 8

tant zones of a rebound. The first is right under the basket from one to the other sideline in the height of the first spot of a rebounder (diagram 2) where I demand from my players to box out a player behind the board (if they are under the basket) but if it is an outside position then they must box him out in lateral stance and if he cuts to "cast him away" to the baseline again through which they get a better position for counterattack, along with having the offensive player in disadvantaged position for a rebound. The second zone is the lines of the paint (diagram 3). It happens there that quite often an offensive player pushes a defensive player under the basket. I ask my players to shift rapidly and be the one who pushes the offensive player toward the baseline. From an outside position, boxing out is made laterally and again I ask a reaction to a rebounded ball. In shots from the three point line, the ball rebounds farther and if the rebound occurs the position for counterattack is better. There are also handicap situations in boxing out when there is a rotation and shorter defensive player must box out the taller offensive player. An error occurs there when a shorter player boxes out with his back since the attacker will push him under the basket more easily, because of a bad brunt and in that situation, only lateral, i.e. diagonal boxing out should be done.

In transition, there are two tasks. The first is to bring the ball into zone as soon as possible, when it becomes dangerous for the basket. There should be a model saying that within the period between 4 and 7 seconds of attack a shot is made and it's the key thing in that to teach players to select the ending up, i.e. selection of a dribble, passing and shot. The second task is the lines of running. Counterattack must be wide and deep. We've got a primary fast break when there are more offensive than defensive players. There's the secondary fast break when the number of offensive players is equal to the number of defensive players but there were mismatches where the guard is on big man, big man is on the guard and the coach must recognize the situation and teach them to punish. Ranko Zeravica was a top-level expert who taught his players to have advantage in half fast breaks, the situation he used to call that way but we can freely name it secondary fast break in 1-on-1 play when the attacker is in foray and the defense waits for him. Other players must learn to keep the distance from their teammates, particularly from the player with the ball and be ready to assist. We've also got the early attack when the number of attacker is the same as the number of defensive

players. Usually, pick-and-roll system is played there and it demands a quick solution.

These are some of the exercises I use:

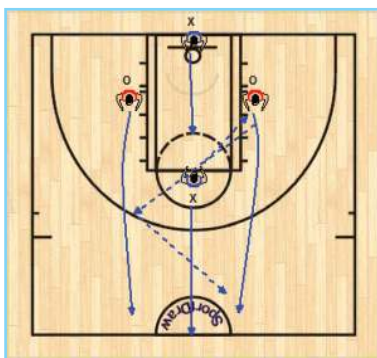
Players are divided into the groups of three in three rows on a baseline. Passing over the middle player where he makes a zigzag move (diagram 4). In this exercise, insist on the line of running and attacking the basket from the position of 45 degrees and without the ball.

Players are in the groups of three again, passing is over the middle one and the wings makes it where the middle player goes for a rebound after passing and the other wing that didn't receive the pass boxes out the middle player (diagram 5). Here, players now realize how to box out in relation to the zones I've mentioned before. In return of 2-1, the middle player that went for an offensive rebound is in defense. The next option is to have the middle player take a medium shot and wings struggling for the ball by rebounding the way where the passer is the defensive rebounder and the other wing that didn't pass the ball is the offensive rebounder, in return of 2-1 (diagram 6).

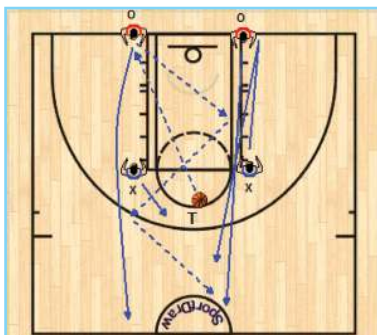
This is the situation I set and through which I exercise boxing out and reaction to a rebounded ball. Three players are in offense, three in defense, set as in diagram 7. Coach is an assistant passer that transfers the ball to the other side. The exercise is controlled until the shot. O1 passes to the coach who transfers it to O2 whose defensive player "acts" falling out of defense. Attacker O2 takes advantage of that and penetrates toward the basket. X4 from the help side stops him until X2 comes. X1 rotates and goes down to O4 (diagram 8). O2 shoots and boxing out and struggle for the ball takes place. X2 is the free rebounder and he rebounds. X2 pushes the player O4 behind the board or to the baseline. After a rebound, the play is 3-3 fast break on the other basket.

"2-1 plus" is the exercise of reaction (diagram 10). Offense must reach the basket as soon as possible, players are positioned as shown in diagram 11). The coach passes to one of the attackers who, after reception, attack the basket. Defensive players whose offensive player didn't receive the ball has a task to touch the baseline and get back, the second defensive player sprints back, defends the long pass and "fills" the paint.

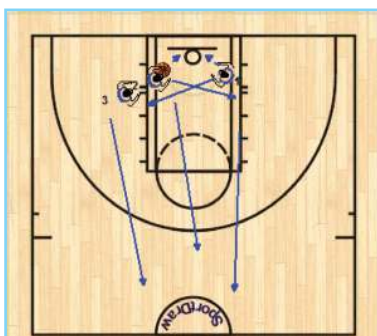
The last exercise is "superman". Players are positioned as shown in diagram 12. Players hit the ball against the board and make rebounds. The last player passing to the board plays defense and the other two are attackers and the play is 2-1 to the other basket.



DIJAGRAM 10



DIJAGRAM 11



DIJAGRAM 12

Održano 15. Evropsko košarkaško prvenstvo naše dijaspore

Kosovo prvo među Srbima

Košarkaški klub Kosovo, koji nosi ime po dalmatiskom mestu u okolini Knina, predvođen trenerom Ilijom Jovićem, pobeđnik je 15. po redu Evropskog prvenstva srpske dijaspore, koje je održano u Diseldorfu. Tradicionalno, pokrovitelj manifestacija je najtiražniji list srpske dijaspore „Vesti”. Da ne bi bilo dileme među srpskim stručnjacima, na ranijim prvenstvima pobeđnička ekipa se nadmetala upravo pod imenom Kosovo – Knin, a čine je momci koji uglavnom žive u Beogradu, ali i drugim gradovima Srbije.

Na ovogodišnjem takmičenju u Diseldorfu, učestvovalo je deset ekipa koje su bile podeljene u dve grupe. U grupi A nadmetali su se Stari prijatelji (domaćin turnira) iz Diseldorfa, Kosovo-Knin, zatim Veseli Šumadinci Rotterdam, Sindelić Geteborg, Beograd Minhen, a u grupi B: Srbija Malme, Beobasket Duizburg, „Sveti Nikola” Vesterros, Kamden najts London, Viena igls Beč.

Najzad, odigrano je finale, u kojem se dogodio veliki preokret. Prvu četvrtinu Beograd Minhen ubedljivo je rešio u svoju korist, ali je ekipa Kosova u nastavku potpuno preokrenula igru i rezultat, tako da u poslednjem minutu igrači Beograda nisu ni napadali protivnika, sve je već bilo jasno... KK Kosovo zaslužen je, bez poraza i pobeđom u finalu sa 59:46, osvojio titulu evropskog prvaka srpske dijaspore.

Čast da otvori prvenstvo imao je generalni konzul Srbije u Diseldorfu Vlado Lju-

bojević. Učesnike su pozdravili i predstavnik domaćina, doskorašnji trener Starih prijatelja Đurđe Vujinović, kao i njegov kolega Miodrag-Pure Radomirović, inače, idejni začetnik ovog takmičenja. Među brojnim gledaocima i gostima bili su i menadžer Centralnog saveta Srba pokrajine Severna Rajna – Vestfalija, Pavle Konopek, zamjenik sekretara Dejan Grujić, sveštenici Srpske pravoslavne crkve iz Diseldorfa Danilo Radmilović i Nedjeljko Đokić... Pokrovitelj turnira, „Vesti”, darovao je peharima tri prvoplasirane ekipe, a diplomama i knjigama sve učesnike.



Finalisti KK Kosovo i Beograd Minhen/Finalists Kosovo BC and Beograd Munich

The 15th European Basketball Championship of Diaspora

Kosovo on the first place among The Serbs

kosovo BC, named after the same Dalmatian place near Knin, led by coach Ilija Jovic, is the winner of the 15th European Championship of Serbian Diaspora held in Düsseldorf. Traditionally, sponsor of the event is the highest circulating newspapers in Serbian Diaspora – „Vesti”. Lest there be no doubt among Serbian experts in previous competitions, the champion went through

the competition under the name Kosovo – Knin, consisted of guys from Belgrade and other cities in Serbia.

At this year's competition in Düsseldorf, 10 teams took part, divided in two groups. In group A, there were Old friends (host of this tournament) from Düsseldorf, Kosovo – Knin, Veseli Sumadinci Rotterdam, Sindjelic Gothenburg, Beograd Munich and in group B: Srbija Malmo, Beobasket Duisburg, „Sveti Nikola” Vasteras, Camden Nights London, Vienna Eagles Vienna.

In the end, the final game took place, in which great upturn occurred. Beograd Munich won the first quarter but Kosovo completely turned the game and result, so in the last minute players of Beograd didn't play offense, everything was



Tvorci košarkaškog prvenstva: Djurdje Vujinović Miodrag-Pure Radomirović i Branislav Čavić/Creators of the basketball championship: Djurdje Vujinovic, Miodrag - Pure Radomirovic and Branislav Cavic

clear. Kosovo BC, deservedly, without lost matches and victory in the final game (59:46), won the title of the European Champion of Serbian Diaspora.

An honor to open the championship was given to Vlado Ljubojevic, Serbian consul in Düsseldorf. Participants were welcomed by a representative of the host, former coach of Old friends, Djurdje Vujinovic and his colleague Miodrag – Pure Radomirovic, the initiator of this competition. Among many spectators and guests, their presence took the Manager of Central council of the Serbs from North Rhein – Westphalia, Rajko Konopek, vice-secretary Dejan Grujic, priests of the Serbian Orthodox Church in Düsseldorf, Danilo Radmilovic and Nedjeljko Djokic... Sponsor of the tournament, „Vesti”, delivered trophies to the teams in first three places and diplomas and books to all other participants.

D. Nikodijevic





Stiv Smit
Steve Smith

„Serija 32“ Oak Hill-a

Stiv Smit se smatra jednim od najboljih trenera srednjih škola u SAD. Njegova Oak Hill Academy srednja škola u gradu Mouth of Wilson u Virđiniji proizvela je veliki broj igrača koji su nastavili da se bave košarkom na univerzitetskom i profesionalnom nivou. Njegov tim je osvojio državno prvenstvo srednjih škola 2004. Mnogi od njegovih bivših igrača su sada u NBA, uključujući Rahon Ronda (Boston), Džerija Stekhausa i Desagana Diopa (Dalas), Karmelo Antonija (Denver), Džoš Smita (Atlanta), Stiv Blejka (Portland), Stivena Džeksona (Golden Stejt) i Kevina Duranta (Oklahoma).

U poslednje četiri godine, moj tim je imao prosek od 96 poena po meču, zahvaljujući ne samo našoj tranziciji u napadu koja oduzima tako puno vremena na našim treninzima već i zbog naše odbrane i skoka, dva za dobar napad apsolutno fundamentalna aspekta košarke. Trener ne može imati uspeha ako nema sjajne igrače, a ja mogu da kažem da sam tokom ovih godina imao sjajne sportiste i igrače. Mnogi od njih su otišli da igraju u NBA.

Početna postavka serije 32

Igra koju ću u ovom članku opisati je ono što ja zovem „serija 32“. Često je koristimo u napadu na protivničkoj polovini. Zovemo je „serija“ jer je početna postav-

ka uvek ista, raspored 3-2, sa tri spoljna igrača: plejmejker 1 postavljen u centralnom delu terena, dva igrača, 2 i 3, na krilnim pozicijama, van linije tri poena i dva unutrašnja igrača, 4 i 5, postavljena na dve pozicije niskog posta na obe strane terena (dijagram 1).

32 dalje od lopte

Igrač 1 igru počinje dodavanjem lopte na jedno od krila, u ovom slučaju prema igraču 2 a zatim odlazi na suprotno krilo. U isto vreme, utrčava duž čeonu linije i stiže u ugao na strani lopte (dijagram 2).

Kada igrač 4 stigne do mesta spajanja bočne linije reketa i linije slobodnih bacanja (ugao reketa), igrač broj 2 mu dodaje loptu a 4 je predaje igraču 1. Nakon pasa, 2 dovodi igrača odbrane na sebi do blokade igrača 5, koji dolazi sa pozicije niskog posta. On zatim utrčava i pokušava da izvede pas za šut iz reketa (dijagram 3).

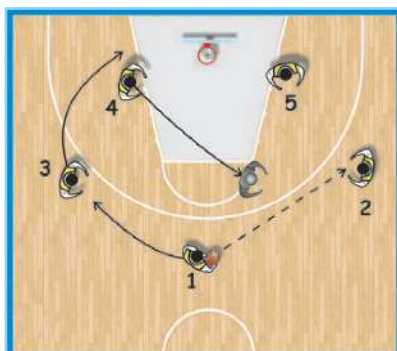
Ako ne uspe u dodavanju do 2, igrači 5 i 4 izvode stepenasti blok za igrača 3 koji utrčava, penje se do linije slobodnih bacanja da uzme loptu od igrača 1 i šutira (dijagram 4).

32 „shuffle“

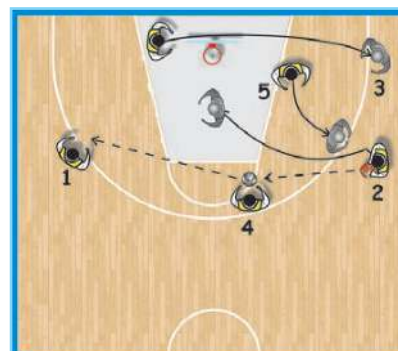
Uvek počinjemo s istom 3-2 postavkom. Ako plejmejker, igrač 1, dribla do jednog od krila, u ovom slučaju 2, i 2 i 3 idu do bližeg ugla dok post na strani suprotno od lopte, igrač 4, brzo i ravno utrčava kroz reket i odlazi van linije tri poena da primi loptu (dijagram 5).



DIJAGRAM 1



DIJAGRAM 2



DIJAGRAM 3



The Oak Hill „32 Series“

Steve Smith is considered one of the best high school coaches in the United States. His Oak Hill Academy high school team in Mouth of Wilson, Virginia has produced a great number of players who have gone on to star at the university and professional levels. His team won the High School National Championship in 2004. Many of his former players are now in the NBA, including Rajon Rondo (Boston), Jerry Stackhouse and DeSagana Diop (Dallas), Carmelo Anthony (Denver), Josh Smith (Atlanta), Steve Blake (Portland), Stephen Jackson (Golden State), and Kevin Durant (Oklahoma).

In the last four years, my team averaged 96 points per game, not only thanks to our offensive transition that takes up so much time during our practice sessions, but also because of our defense and re-bounding, two basketball aspects absolutely fundamental to a good offense. A coach can't have success if he doesn't have great players and I can say I have had great athletes and players during these years. Many of them have gone on to play in the NBA.

32 SERIES STARTING LINEUP

The play I'll describe in this article is what I call „32 Series.“ We often use it in the offensive half court. We

called it „series“ because the starting lineup is always the same, a 3-2, with three external players and two internal: a playmaker, 1, set in the central lane of the court; two players, 2 and 3, on the wings, outside the three-point line; and two internal players, 4 and 5, set in the two low-post positions on both sides of the court (diagr. 1).

32 AWAY

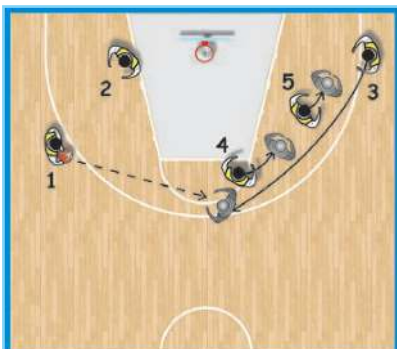
1 begins the play by passing the ball to one of the wings, in this case 2, and then goes to the opposite wing. At the same time, 3 goes down, cuts along the base-line, and arrives in the corner on the strong side (diagr. 2).

When 4 arrives at the elbow, 2 passes him the ball, and 4 then gives it to 1. After the pass, 2 brings his defender on 5's screen, coming up from the low-post position. He then cuts to the basket and tries to get a pass for a shot from the painted area (diagr. 3).

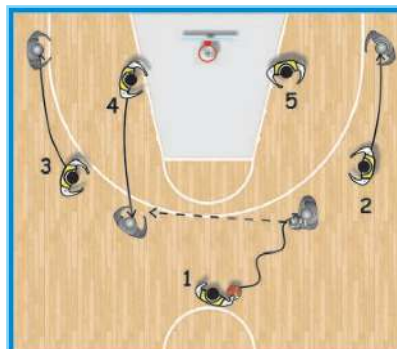
If he doesn't succeed in passing to 2, 5 and 4 make a stagger for 3, who cuts, goes up to the free-throw line to get the ball from 1 and shoot (diagr. 4).

32 SHUFFLE

We always begin with the same 3-2 set. If the playmaker, 1, dribbles to one of the wings, 2 in this case, both 2 and 3 goes to the nearer corner while the post on the weak side, 4, makes a flash cut and goes outside the three-point line to receive the ball (diagr. 5).



DIJAGRAM 4



DIJAGRAM 5



DIJAGRAM 6



DIJAGRAM 7

Kada igrač 4 primi loptu od 1, igrač 5 pravi iskorak van i postavlja blok za igrača 2, koji izvodi „shuffle” utrčavanje i pokušava da dobije loptu od igrača 4 koji je blizu koša. Ako 2 ne primi loptu, on nastavlja s utrčavanjem u taj prostor. Nakon postavljene blokade, igrač 5 se odmah okreće ka lopti. Sada igrač 4 ima dve mogućnosti: može da doda do 2 ili da doda do 5 dok prodire pod koš. Ako nijedna od ovih opcija nije moguća, 4 vraća loptu do 1 (dijagram 6).

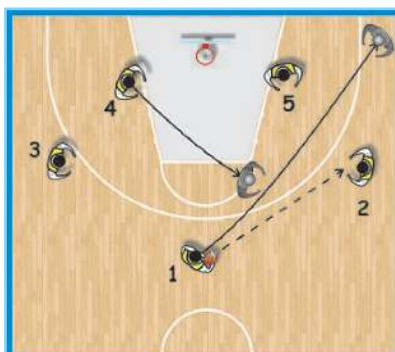
Ako igrač 2 u utrčavanju ne dobije loptu, nastavlja kretnju, fintira polazak ka košu i prima vertikalni blok od igrača 4. On sada može da ode izvan linije slobodnih bacanja kako bi primio loptu od igrača 1 (dijagram 7). Ako ne možemo doći do šuta, vraćamo se na našu startnu postavku 3-2, sa 3 spoljašnja i 2 unutrašnja igrača.

32 ugao

U ovoj opciji „napada 32” igrač koji odlučuje o kretnji u igri je onaj na centru terena: 1,2 ili 3. Ako je igrač u sredini br. 1, on dodaje do jednog od krila, u ovom primeru prema igraču 2 i utrčava do ugla. Niski post na strani suprotnoj od lopte, igrač 4, utrčava prema visokom postu (do ugla reketa) a zatim izlazi van linije tri poena, u centralni deo terena (dijagram 8).

Tokom pasa od 2 do 4, igrač 5 brzo utrčava u prostor da bi primio loptu i ostvari saradnju visokog i niskog posta. Ako igrač 4 ne uspe u prenošenju lopte do 5 (i u ovom slučaju, 5 se postavlja na drugu stranu, u poziciju niskog posta), igrač 4 menja stranu lopte i dodaje loptu do igrača 3 koji može da odigra pick-and-roll sa 5. On pokušava da ga ostavi da na niskom postu igra jedan na jedan. U isto vreme, nakon pasa do 3, igrač 4 zajedno sa igračem 2 pravi stepenastu blokadu za 1 (dijagram 9).

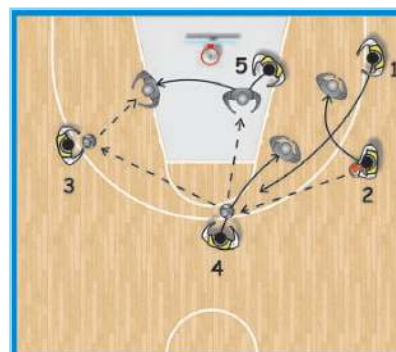
Ako igrač 3 ne može da doda do igrača 5, on dodaje loptu do 1 koji je izašao iz stepenaste blokade postavljene od igrača 4 i 2 i postavio se u centralni deo terena. Igrač 1 može da pokuša šut, doda do jednog od postova ili ponovo postavi napad jednom od opcija „napada 32”. Ovo počinje igračem 4 koji se postavlja na niski post dok je igrač 2 na krilu (dijagram 10).



DIJAGRAM 8



DIJAGRAM 10



DIJAGRAM 9

When 4 receives the ball from 1, 5 makes a step outside and screens for 2, who makes a „shuffle” cut and tries to get the ball from 4, who is near the basket. If 2 doesn't receive the ball, he goes on with the cut in the area. After the screen, 5 immediately turns himself to the ball. Now 4 has two possibilities: he can pass to 2 or he can dish to 5. If any of these choices is not possible, 4 gives the ball back to 1 (diagram 6).

If 2 doesn't get the ball in the cut, he sets himself near the area, fakes to go to the basket, and then receives a vertical screen from 4. He can now go beyond the free-throw line to catch the ball from 1 (diagram 7). If we can't get a shot, we come back to our 3-2 starting lineup, with 3 external and two internal players.

32 CORNER

In this option of the „32 offense,” the player who decides the play movements is the one in the central lane of the court: 1, 2, or 3.

If the player in the middle is 1, he passes to one of the wings, 2 in this example, and cuts to the corner. The low post on the weak side, 4, cuts to the high elbow, and then goes outside the three-point line, in the central lane of the court (diagram 8). During the pass from 2 to 4, 5 cuts fast in the area to receive the ball and play high-low. If 4 doesn't succeed in getting the ball to 5 (and in this case, 5 sets himself on the other side, in the low-post position), 4 makes the ball change sides and passes to 3, who can play pick-and-roll with 5. He tries to let him play one-on-one in the low post. At the same time, after the pass to 3, 4 makes a stagger with 2 for 1 (diagram 9).

If 3 can't pass to 5, he passes the ball to 1, who has gone out from the stagger of 4 and 2 and has set himself in the central lane of the court. 1 can try to shoot, pass to one of the posts, or restart the offense with one of the options of the „32 Offense.” This begins with 4, who sets himself in the low post, while 2 is on the wing (diagram 10).



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